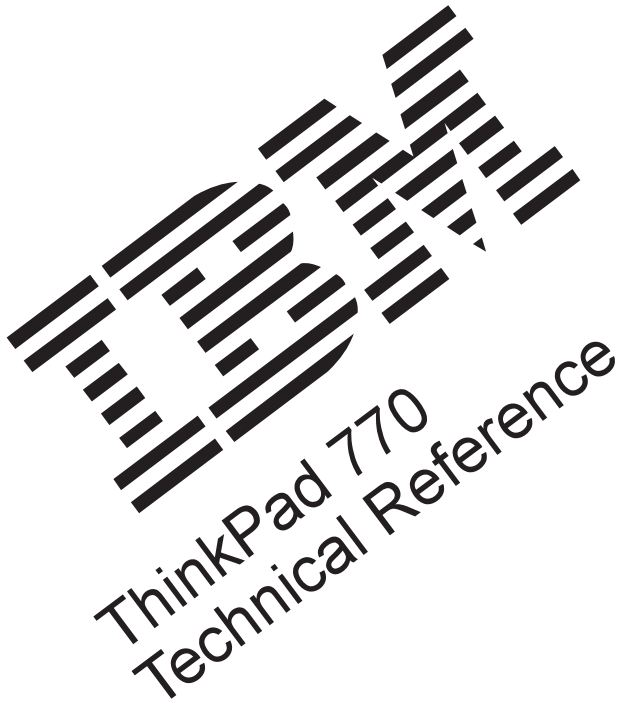


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**Note**

Before using this information and the product it supports, be sure to read the general information under Appendix C, "Notices" on page C-1.

**First Edition (December 1997)**

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## Preface

This technical reference contains hardware and software interface information specific to the IBM ThinkPad 770 computer. This technical reference is intended for those who develop hardware and software products for the computer. Users should understand computer architecture and programming concepts.

This publication consists of the following sections and appendixes:

Section 1, "System Overview," describes the system, features, and specifications.

Section 2, "System Board," describes the system-specific hardware implementations.

Section 3, "Subsystems," describes the hardware functions specific to the ThinkPad 770 computer.

Appendix A, "System Resources," describes the available system resources for the computer and docking stations.

Appendix B, "System Management API (SMAPI) BIOS Overview," describes the system software interface built into the system, called the System Management Application Program Interface (SMAPI) BIOS, which controls the system information, system configuration, and power management features of the ThinkPad computer.

Appendix C, "Notices," contains special notices and trademark information.

An index is also included.

### Attention

The term *Reserved* describes certain signals, bits, and registers that should not be changed. Use of reserved areas can cause compatibility problems, loss of data, or permanent damage to the hardware. When the contents of a register are changed, the state of the reserved bits must be preserved. Read the register first and change only the bits that must be changed.



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## Description

The IBM ThinkPad 770 computer (hereafter called the *ThinkPad computer* or the *computer*) is notebook-size computer that feature the AT bus architecture. Each computer supports one UltraBay II and one internal hard disk drive. The ThinkPad 770 computer also supports an internal CD-ROM drive or an internal DVD drive as an option.

Programs can distinguish the foregoing computer model from other ThinkPad models by reading the system ID:

- Interrupt 15H
- Function code (AH)=23H and (AL)=10H.
- Returns  
(AL)=27H

The system microprocessor contains an internal cache and cache controller.

Figure 1-1 lists the model bytes, submodel bytes, and system clock speed of the system board for each model.

Model	Model Byte (Hex)	Submodel Byte (Hex)	System Clock
770	FC	01	33 MHz

Figure 1-1. Model and Submodel Bytes

For a listing of the other systems, refer to the *IBM Personal System/2 and Personal Computer BIOS Interface*.

## System Board Devices and Features

Figure 1-2 lists the system board devices and their features. The *IBM Personal System/2 Hardware Interface Technical Reference* describes devices common to PS/2 products by type number.

Device	Type	Features
<b>Microprocessor</b>	–	Intel Pentium® processor with the MMX™ technology <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 200 or 233 MHz</li> <li>• 32 KB on-chip cache</li> </ul>
<b>External cache</b>	–	512 KB (write back)
<b>System timers</b>	1	Channel 0: system timer Channel 1: refresh generation Channel 2: tone generator for speaker
<b>ROM subsystem</b>	–	128 KB by 4 banks (1 KB equals 1024 bytes)
<b>RAM subsystem</b>	–	32 to 256 MB (1 MB equals 1,048,576 bytes)
<b>CMOS RAM subsystem</b>	–	128 bytes CMOS RAM with real-time clock/calendar + 4 K byte NVRAM
<b>EEPROM subsystem</b>	–	1 K bits
<b>Video subsystem</b>	–	XGA video functions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Up to 65,536 colors on the TFT XGA (1024x768) LCD</li> <li>• Up to 16,777,216 colors on an external monitor</li> </ul> <p>See "Video Subsystem" on page 3-2 for more details on the video subsystem.</p>
<b>DMA controller</b>	1	Seven DMA channels (AT compatible:) Four 8-bit channels and three 16-bit channels

Figure 1-2 (Part 1 of 2). System Board Devices and Features

Device	Type	Features
<b>Interrupt controller</b>	1	15 levels of system interrupts (interrupts are edge-triggered)
<b>Keyboard/auxiliary device controller</b>	1	Internal keyboard TrackPoint Auxiliary device connector Password security
<b>Diskette drive controller</b>	2	Supports: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3.5-in. diskette (1.44 MB)</li> <li>• 3.5-in. diskette (1.2 MB)</li> <li>• 3.5-in. diskette (720 KB)</li> </ul>
<b>Serial controller port</b>	2	EIA-232-E interface (16550 compatible) Programmable as serial port 1, 2, 3, or 4 One 9-pin, D-sub connector
<b>Parallel controller port</b>	1	Programmable as parallel port 1, 2, or 3 IEEE P1284-A compatible Supports bidirectional input and output Enhanced Parallel Port (EPP) compatible Extended Capabilities Port (ECP) compatible
<b>Expansion bus adapter (PCI-bus)</b>	–	Supports externally attached devices: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SelectaDock docking system</li> <li>• Port replicator</li> </ul>
<b>PCMCIA** slots</b>	–	Conforms to the standards for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CardBus</li> <li>• Two Type I or II PC cards</li> <li>• One Type III PC card</li> </ul>
<b>Modem subsystem</b>	–	Is driven by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MDSP 3780i</li> <li>• SRAM 32 Kb by 40 bits</li> <li>• Crystal Audio</li> <li>• Voice band CODEC for modem</li> <li>• Internal DAA</li> <li>• Internal omnidirectional microphone</li> </ul>
<b>Infrared subsystem</b>	–	Supports: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ThinkPad IR/SIR/D-ASK (500 KHz) IR</li> </ul>
<b>Universal serial bus (USB)</b>	–	Supports: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• USB input and output devices</li> </ul>

Figure 1-2 (Part 2 of 2). System Board Devices and Features

## System Board I/O Address Map

Figure 1-3 is the I/O address map.

Address (Hex)	Device
0000–001F	DMA Controller (0–3)
0020, 0021	Interrupt Controller (master)
0022–002F	Reserved
0040–0043	System Timer 1
0048–004B	Reserved
0060	Keyboard, Auxiliary Device
0061	System Control Port B
0062, 0066	Slave Controller
0064	Keyboard, Auxiliary Device
0070, 0071	RT/CMOS and NMI Mask
0072, 0073	Extended RT and CMOS
0074, 0075, 0076	Reserved
0081–0083, 0087	DMA Page Registers (0–3)
0089–008B, 008F	DMA Page Registers (4–7)
0092	System Control Port A
0096	Reserved
0098	System Flash ROM Control Register (DCR 2282)
00A0, 00A1	Interrupt Controller (slave)
00B2–00B3	Power Management Register
00C0–00DF	DMA Controller (4–7)
00F0–00FF	Reserved
0130–013F	ThinkPad Modem
0170–0177	Secondary IDE Registers
01F0–01F7	Primary IDE Registers
0201	Joystick Port
0220–0233	Audio Subsystem - Sound Blaster
0240–0253	Audio Subsystem - Sound Blaster
026E, 026F	Super I/O Configuration Registers
0260–0273	Audio Subsystem - Sound Blaster
0278–027A	Parallel Port 3
027B–027F	Reserved
0280–0283	Audio Subsystem - Sound Blaster
02E8–02EF	Serial Port 4
02E8–02EF	IR Port 4
02F8–02FF	Serial Port 2
02F8–02FF	IR Port 2
0300–0303	MIDI Port 1
0310–0313	MIDI Port 2
0320–0323	MIDI Port 3

Figure 1-3 (Part 1 of 2). System Board I/O Address Map



Address (Hex)	Device
0330–0333	MIDI Port 4
0350–035F	ThinkPad Modem
0376, 0377	Secondary IDE Registers
0378–037A	Parallel Port 2
037B–037F	Reserved
0388–038B	Audio Subsystem - FM Synthesizer
0398–0399	Reserved
03B4, 03B5, 03BA	Video Subsystem
03BC–03BE	Parallel Port 1
03C0–03C5	Video Subsystem
03C6–03C9	Video DAC
03CA, 03CC, 03CE, 03CF, 03D4, 03D5, 03DA, 03D8–03DA	Video Subsystem
03E0–03E1	PCMCIA Interface (DCR 2959)
03E8–03EF	Serial Port 3
03E8–03EF	IR Port 3
03F0–03F5, 03F7	Diskette-Drive Controller
03F6, 03F7	Primary IDE Registers
03F8–03FF	Serial Port 1
03F8–03FF	IR Port 1
0530–0537	Audio - WSS 1
0538–053F	Audio Control Port 1
0604–060B	Audio - WSS 2
0770–077F	ThinkPad Modem
0CF8–0CFB	PCI Configuration Address Register
0CFC–0CFF	PCI Configuration Data Register
0DB0–0DBF	ThinkPad Modem
0D38–0D3F	Audio Control Port 2
0E80–0E87	Audio - WSS 3
0E88–0E8F	Audio Control Port 3
0F40–0F47	Audio - WSS 4
0FF0–0FF7	Audio Control Port 4
15E8–15EF	Power Management Register
2120–21FF	Reserved
23C0–23C7	Reserved
46E8	Video Subsystem Enable
EF00–EF37	Power Management Register
EFA0–EFAD	SMBus IO Space Register
F104	Reserved

Figure 1-3 (Part 2 of 2). System Board I/O Address Map

---

## Specifications

Figure 1-4 to Figure 1-7 on page 1-9 list the specifications for the computers.

### Performance Specifications

Device/Cycle	Clock Counts (66 MHz)
Microprocessor	200 or 233 MHz
L1 cache (64bit) read/write hit	1 CPUCLK
L2 cache (64bit) (for not all models)	90 ns (60 ns)
read hit (back-to-back)	90 ns (60 ns)
write hit (back-to-back)	
Memory (64bit) (see Note)	
read, page hit	240 ns
read, raw miss	285 ns
read, page miss	345 ns
posted write	90 ns
write retire rate from write buffer	135 ns
<b>Note:</b> The cycle times shown for access to system board RAM are based on 70 ns EDO memory.	

Figure 1-4. Performance Specifications

## Physical Specifications

<b>Size</b>
<b>Width:</b> 313.0 mm (12.3 in.)
<b>Depth:</b> 240.0 / 254.0 mm (9.45 / 10.00 in.)
<b>Height:</b> 56.0 mm (2.20 in.)
<b>Weight<sup>1</sup> (approximate value)</b>
3.4 kg (7.4 lb)
3.5 kg (7.7 lb)
<b>Air Temperature</b>
<b>System on (without diskette)</b>
5.0°C to 35.0°C (41°F to 95°F)
<b>System on (with diskette)</b>
10.0°C to 35.0°C (50°F to 95°F)
<b>System off</b>
5.0°C to 43.0°C (41°F to 110°F)
<b>Humidity</b>
<b>System (without diskette)</b>
8% to 95%
<b>System (with diskette)</b>
8% to 80%
<b>Maximum altitude<sup>2</sup>:</b> 3,048 m (10,000 ft) in unpressurized conditions
<b>Heat output:</b> 56 W
<b>Acoustical readings</b> (see Figure 1-7 on page 1-9)
<b>Electrical</b> (see Figure 1-6 on page 1-9)
<b>Electromagnetic compatibility:</b> FCC class B
<sup>1</sup> With battery pack installed.
<sup>2</sup> This is the maximum altitude at which the specified air temperatures apply. At higher altitudes, the maximum air temperatures are lower than those specified.

Figure 1-5. Physical Specifications

## Electrical Specifications

	<b>(56 W)</b>
<b>Input voltage<sup>1</sup> (V ac)</b>	100–240
<b>Frequency (Hz)</b>	50/60
<b>Input<sup>2</sup> (kVA)</b>	0.13
<sup>1</sup> Range is automatically selected; sine wave input is required. <sup>2</sup> At maximum configuration.	

Figure 1-6. Electrical Specifications

## Acoustical Readings

	<b>L<sub>WAd</sub> in bels</b>		<b>L<sub>pAm</sub> in dB</b>		<b>&lt;L<sub>pA</sub>&gt;<sub>m</sub> in dB</b>	
	<b>Operate</b>	<b>Idle</b>	<b>Operate</b>	<b>Idle</b>	<b>Operate</b>	<b>Idle</b>
770	4.40	3.90	35.0	30.0	30.0	25.5
770 (with SelectaDock III)	4.60	4.30	37.5	34.0	31.0	28.0
<b>Notes:</b>						
L <sub>WAd</sub>	Is the declared sound power level for the random sample of machines.					
L <sub>pAm</sub>	Is the mean value of the A-weighted sound pressure levels at the operator position (if any) for the random sample of machines.					
<L <sub>pA</sub> > <sub>m</sub>	Is the mean value of the A-weighted sound pressure levels at the 1 meter position for the random sample of machines.					
Operate	Shows the value while using the hard disk drive.					
All measurements made in accordance with ANSI S12.10 and reported in conformance with ISO 9296.						

Figure 1-7. Acoustical Readings

---

## Power Supply

The power supply converts the ac voltage to dc voltage and provides power for the following:

- System board set
- Diskette drive
- Hard disk drive
- CD-ROM drive
- Auxiliary devices
- Keyboard
- LCD panel
- PCMCIA cards
- DVD drive

## Voltages

The power supply generates six different dc voltages: VCC5M, VCC3M, VCC12, and VCCSW. Figure 1-8 shows the maximum current for each voltage.

Output	Voltage (V dc)	Current (A)
VCC5M	+5.0	5.80
VCC3M	+3.3	6.00
VCC12	+12.0	0.50
VCCSW	+5.0	0.01

Figure 1-8. Power Supply Maximum Current

## Output Protection

A short circuit placed on any dc output (between two outputs or between an output and a dc return) latches all dc outputs into a shutdown state, with no hazardous condition to the power supply.

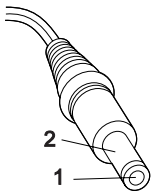
If an overvoltage fault occurs in the power supply, the power supply latches all dc outputs into a shutdown state before any output exceeds 135% of the nominal value of the power supply.

## Voltage Sequencing

When power is turned on, the output voltages reach their operational voltages within 2 seconds.

## Power Supply Connector

The following connector is used with the AC adapter. The total power capacity of this connector must not exceed 4.0 A.



Refer to Figure 1-9 for the appropriate adapter pin assignments.

Pin	Voltage
1	+7.0 V dc to +17.0 V dc (depending on charging conditions)
2	Ground

Figure 1-9. Voltage Pin Assignments for the 56W AC Adapter

---

## Battery Pack

The ThinkPad computer uses a lithium-ion (Li-ion) battery pack that meets the following electrical specifications:

<b>Nominal Voltage</b>	+10.8 V dc
<b>Capacity (average)</b>	4.5 ampere hours (AH)
<b>Protection</b>	Overcurrent protection Overvoltage protection Overdischarge protection Thermal protection

*Figure 1-10. Lithium-ion Battery Pack Specifications*

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## Description

This section describes the microprocessor, connectors, memory subsystems, and miscellaneous system functions and ports for the ThinkPad computers.

---

## Microprocessor

The ThinkPad 770 uses the Intel Pentium® 200 or 233 MHz processor with the MMX™ technology.

The Processor has a 32-bit address bus and a 64-bit data bus. It is software-compatible with all previous microprocessors. The Processor has an internal, split data and instruction, 32KB write-back cache. It includes pipelined math coprocessor functions and superscalar architecture (two execution units).

## Cache Memory Operation

In addition to the 32 KB of internal Level 1 (L1) cache memory in the microprocessor, the system board of the ThinkPad 770 computer contains an additional 256 KB of external Level 2 (L2) cache memory.

The cache memory in the Intel Pentium microprocessor and the L2 external cache memory enable the microprocessor to read instructions and data much faster than if the microprocessor had to access system memory. When an instruction is first used or data is first read or written, it is transferred to the cache memory from main memory. This enables future accesses to the instructions or data to occur much faster.

The cache is disabled and empty when the microprocessor comes out of the reset state. The cache is tested and enabled during the power-on self-test (POST).

The cache memory in the Intel Pentium microprocessor is loaded from system memory in 32-byte increments, each referred to as a *cache line*. A cache line is aligned on a paragraph boundary. A reference to any byte contained in a cache line results in the entire line being read into the cache memory (if the data was not already in the cache). When the microprocessor gives up control of the system bus, the cache memory enters “snoop” mode and monitors all write

and read operations. If memory data is written to a location in the cache and the cache line is in the “modified” state, the corresponding cache line is written back to system memory and invalidated.

When the microprocessor performs a memory read, the data address is used to find the data in the cache. If the data is found (a hit), it is read from the cache memory and no external bus cycle occurs. If the data is not found (a miss), an external bus cycle is used to read the data from system memory. If the address of the missed data is in cacheable address space, the data is stored in the cache memory and the remainder of the cache line is read.

When the microprocessor performs a memory write, the data address is used to search the cache. If the address is found (hit), the data is written to the cache and no external bus cycle is used to write the data to system memory. (If the address of the write operation was not in the cache memory but was in cacheable address space, the data is read back into the cache memory and the remainder of the cache line is read.)

## Cacheable Address Space

Cacheable address space is defined as system memory that resides on the system board (0–640 KB and 1 MB–256 MB). Cacheability of system memory is up to 64 MB in the L2 cache. Nothing in address range hex A0000–BFFFF, I/O address space, or memory in any AT slot is cached.

ROM address space (hex C0000–C9FFF and F0000–FFFFFF) is L1 cacheable for *code read operations only*. If data in this address range is already in cache memory and the address range is written to, the cached line is invalidated and is read again from RAM, where the BIOS is shadowed.

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## Bus Adapter

When the computer is attached to the ThinkPad SelectaDock III docking system, the PCI adapters or AT-bus adapters can be used through the docking system.

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## Keyboard/Mouse Connector

Each ThinkPad computer has a keyboard/mouse connector, where the IBM mouse, keyboard, or numeric keypad is connected.

### Signals

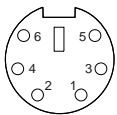
The keyboard and mouse signals are driven by open-collector drivers pulled to 5 V dc through a pull-up resistor. Figure 2-1 lists the signals.

Sink current	1 mA	Maximum
High-level output voltage	5.0 V dc minus pullup	Minimum
Low-level output voltage	0.5 V dc	Maximum
High-level input voltage	2.0 V dc	Minimum
Low-level input voltage	0.8 V dc	Maximum

Figure 2-1. Keyboard and Mouse Signals

### Connector

The keyboard/mouse connector uses a 6-pin, miniature DIN connector.



Pin	I/O	Signal Name
1	I/O	Mouse Data
2	I/O	Keyboard Data
3	–	Ground
4	–	+5 V dc
5	I/O	Mouse Clock
6	I/O	Keyboard Clock

Figure 2-2. Keyboard/Mouse Connector Pin Assignments

**Note:** The maximum current for +5 V dc (pin 4) is 0.5 A for both the mouse and the numeric keypad.

## Scan Codes

Figure 2-3 shows the key numbers assigned to keys on the 84-key keyboard (for the U.S. and Japan). Figure 2-4 on page 2-6 shows the key numbers assigned to keys on the 85-key keyboard (for countries other than the U.S. and Japan). For scan codes assigned to each numbered key, refer to the *IBM Personal System/2 Hardware Interface Technical Reference*.

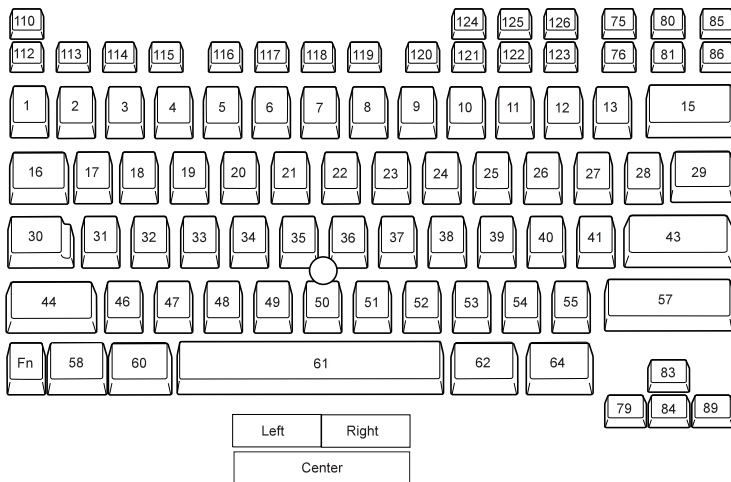


Figure 2-3. Key Numbers for the 84-Key Keyboard

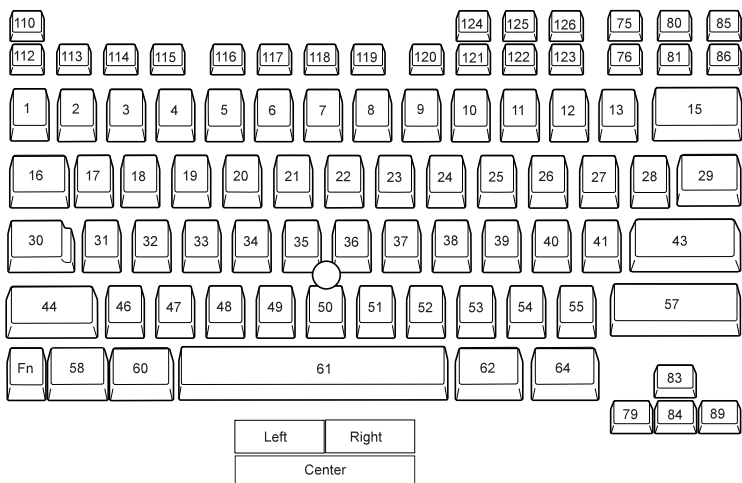


Figure 2-4. Key Numbers for the 85-Key Keyboard

## Keyboard ID

The keyboard ID consists of 2 bytes: hex 83AB (the built-in keyboard with the external numeric keypad) or hex 84AB (the built-in keyboard only). Interrupt 16H, function code (AH)=0AH, returns the keyboard ID.

Figure 2-5 shows the key numbers assigned to keys on the external numeric keypad. For scan codes assigned to each numbered key, refer to the *IBM Personal System/2 Hardware Interface Technical Reference*.

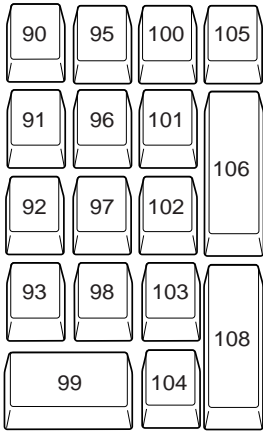


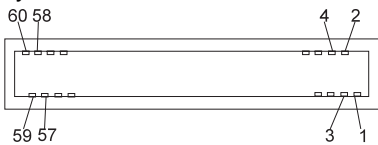
Figure 2-5. Key Numbers for the External Numeric Keypad

### Displayable Characters and Symbols

For displayable characters and symbols that are keyable from the keyboard, refer to the *IBM Personal System/2 Hardware Interface Technical Reference*.

## Hard Disk Drive Connector

The hard disk drive connected to the system board is removable. Figure 2-6 shows the pin assignments for the connector on the system board.



Pin	Signal	I/O or Feature	Pin	Signal	I/O or Feature
1	DetectIn	O	31	GND	Ground
2	Jumper A	NC	32	NC	NC
3	Jumper B	O	33	-PDREQ	I
4	Jumper C	O	34	GND	Ground
5	Jumper D	O	35	-PDIOW	O
6	RSTDRV	O	36	GND	Ground
7	GND	Ground	37	-PDIOR	O
8	PDD7	I/O	38	GND	Ground
9	PDD8	I/O	39	PIORDY	I
10	GND	Ground	40	CSEL	O
11	PDD6	I/O	41	-PDACK	O
12	PDD9	I/O	42	GND	Ground
13	GND	Ground	43	IRQ14HDD	I
14	PDD5	I/O	44	-IOCS16	I
15	PDD10	I/O	45	PDA1	O
16	GND	Ground	46	-PDIAGHDD	O
17	PDD4	I/O	47	GND	Ground
18	PDD11	I/O	48	PDA0	O
19	GND	Ground	49	PDA2	O
20	PDD3	I/O	50	-CS1P	O
21	PDD12	I/O	51	-CS3P	O
22	GND	Ground	52	-DASPHDD	I
23	PDD2	I/O	53	GND	Ground
24	PDD13	I/O	54	VCC5B	Vcc
25	GND	Ground	55	VCC5B	Vcc
26	PDD1	I/O	56	VCC5B	Vcc
27	PDD14	I/O	57	VCC5B	Vcc
28	GND	Ground	58	Reserved	NC
29	PDD0	I/O	59	-HDDDETECTI	
30	PDD15	I/O	60	GND	Ground

Figure 2-6. Hard Disk Drive Connector Pin Assignments

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## External Bus Connector

The docking station is connected through the 240-pin external bus connector on the rear panel. This connector is installed on the system board and has the following pin assignments:



### Type Legend:

A: Audio signal	M: PC Card signal
C: System control signal	P: PCI-bus signal
F: Diskette drive signal	R: Reserved
G: Ground	S: Serial port signal
I: IDE hard disk drive signal	T: ISA-bus signal
J: Joy stick / Midi	U: USB
K: Keyboard/mouse signal	V: Video signal
L: Parallel port	W: Power line



Pin	Type	Signal Name	Pin	Type	Signal Name
001	W	VCC5A	061	W	Dock-PWR
002	W	VCC5A	062	W	Dock-PWR
003	P	-PCIRST	063	W	Dock-PWR
004	G	GND	064	W	Dock-PWR
005	P	-ACK_GNT	065	A	L_OUT
006	P	-CLKRUN	066	A	AGND
007	G	GND	067	A	L_IN
008	P	AD30	068	G	GND
009	P	AD28	069	K	KBDATA
010	G	GND	070	K	MSDATA
011	P	AD26	071	K	MSCLK
012	P	AD24	072	G	GND
013	G	GND	073	S	-RI
014	P	AD23	074	S	-CTS
015	P	AD21	075	S	-DTR
016	G	GND	076	S	RXD
017	P	AD19	077	G	GND
018	P	AD17	078	P	AD0
019	G	GND	079	P	AD2
020	P	CBE2	080	G	GND
021	P	-IRDY	081	P	AD4
022	G	GND	082	P	AD6
023	P	-DEVSEL	083	G	GND
024	R	Reserved	084	P	CBE0
025	G	GND	085	P	AD9
026	P	-SERR	086	G	GND
027	P	PAR	087	P	AD11
028	R	Reserved	088	P	AD13
029	R	Reserved	089	R	R/S
030	R	Reserved	090	R	Reserved
031	R	Reserved	091	R	Reserved
032	P	AD14	092	R	Reserved
033	P	AD12	093	P	AD15
034	G	GND	094	P	CBE1
035	P	AD10	095	G	GND
036	P	AD8	096	P	-PERR
037	G	GND	097	P	-STOP
038	P	AD7	098	G	GND
039	P	AD5	099	P	-TRDY
040	G	GND	100	P	-FRAME
041	P	AD3	101	G	GND
042	P	AD1	102	P	AD16
043	G	GND	103	P	AD18
044	P	PRDY	104	G	GND
045	R	Reserved	105	P	AD20
046	G	GND	106	P	AD22
047	S	-DCD	107	G	GND
048	S	TXD	108	P	CBE3
049	S	-RTS	109	P	AD25
050	S	-DSR	110	G	GND
051	W	KBD_+5V	111	P	AD27
052	K	KBCLK	112	P	AD29
053	G	GND	113	G	GND
054	A	R_IN	114	P	AD31
055	A	AGND	115	P	-REQ
056	A	R_OUT	116	G	GND
057	W	Dock-POR	117	P	PCICLK
058	W	Dock-POR	118	C	-BATOPDSBL
059	W	Dock-POR	119	W	VCC5B
060	W	Dock-POR	120	W	VCC5B

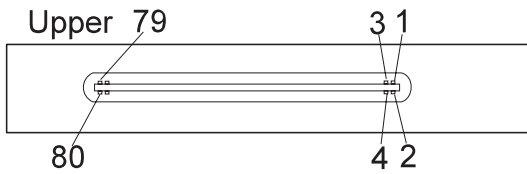
Pin	Type	Signal Name	Pin	Type	Signal Name
121	C	-DOCK_ID1	181	C	-DOCK_ID2
122	P	IRQSER	182	G	GND
123	G	GND	183	U	USBP1-
124	T	IRQ5	184	U	UDBP1+
125	T	IRQ7	185	R	Reserved
126	T	IRQ10	186	G	GND
127	T	IRQ11	187	C	12C_DATA
128	T	IRQ14	188	J	JBCY
129	G	GND	189	J	JBCX
130	P	-INTB	190	J	JBB2
131	P	-INTC	191	G	GND
132	P	-INTD	192	J	JBB1
133	I	-DASP	193	J	MIDIOUT
134	G	GND	194	J	MIDIIN
135	V	CRTID0	195	C	-PWRSWITCH
136	V	CDTID2	196	G	GND
137	V	DDCCLK_ID3	197	C	-BUSSUSSTAT
138	V	CRT_RED	198	M	-PCMCIA_RI
139	G	GND	199	F	-SIDE1SEL
140	L	SLCT	200	G	GND
141	L	PE	201	F	DRATE0
142	L	BUSY	202	F	-WREN
143	L	D7	203	F	-DRVID1
144	G	GND	204	F	-DIR
145	L	D3	205	G	GND
146	L	D2	206	F	-MOTEN1
147	L	D1	207	F	-DISKCHG
148	L	D0	208	F	-INDEX
149	L	AFD	209	F	-RDDATA
150	G	GND	210	G	GND
151	G	GND	211	G	GND
152	L	-ERR	212	L	-STB
153	F	-WRDATA	213	L	-INIT
154	G	GND	214	L	-SLIN
155	F	DRVSEL1	215	G	GND
156	F	-DRVID0	216	L	D4
157	F	-MEDID0	217	L	D5
158	F	DRATE1	218	L	D6
159	G	GND	219	L	-ACK
160	F	-STEP	220	G	GND
161	F	-MEDID1	221	V	CRT_GREEN
162	F	-TRACK0	222	G	GND
163	F	-WPROTECT	223	V	CRT_BLUE
164	G	GND	224	V	DDCDATA_ID1
165	C	-PWRON	225	V	VSUYN
166	C	POWERGOOD	226	V	HSUYN
167	C	UNI_SMI	227	G	GND
168	M	SPKR	228	I	-PHLDA
169	G	GND	229	I	-PHLD
170	J	JAB1	230	G	GND
171	J	JAB2	231	P	-INTA
172	J	JACX	232	I	IDE2IRQ
173	J	JACY	233	T	IRQ15
174	G	GND	234	T	IRQ12
175	C	I2C_CLK	235	T	IRQ9
176	C	SUSCLK	236	T	IRQ6
177	R	Reserved	237	T	IRQ4
178	U	USB_OC1	238	T	IRQ3
179	G	GND	239	G	GND
180	C	-DOCK_ID3	240	C	-DOCK_ID0

Figure 2-7. 240-Pin External Bus Connector Pin Assignments

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## UltraBay II Connector

The removable diskette drive, secondary hard disk drive, DVD drive, or CD-ROM drive can be connected to the UltraBay II connector on the system board. This connector has the following pin assignments.



Pin	Signal	I/O and Feature
1	UBAYID1	I
2	UBAYID2	I
3	GND	GND
4	GND	GND
5	-INDEX	I
6	-DRVSEL0	O
7	-DISKCHG	I
8	-DRVID0	I
9	NC	N/C
10	-MEDID0	I
11	-MONTENO	O
12	DRATE1	O
13	-DIR	O
14	-DRVID1	I
15	-STEP	O
16	GND	GND
17	-WRDATA	O
18	GND	GND
19	-WREN	O
20	-MEDID1	I
21	-TRACK0	I
22	DRATE0	O
23	-WPROTECT	I
24	-RDDATA	I
25	GND	GND
26	-SIDE1SEL	O
27	UBAYID0	O
28	RSTDRV	O
29	GND	GND
30	DD7	I/O
31	DD8	I/O
32	DD6	I/O
33	DD9	I/O
34	GND	GND
35	DD5	I/O
36	DD10	I/O
37	DD4	I/O
38	DD11	I/O
39	VCC5B	VCC
40	VCC5B	VCC
41	VCC5B	VCC
42	VCC5B	VCC
43	DD3	I/O
44	DD12	I/O
45	DD2	I/O
46	DD13	I/O
47	GND	GND
48	DD1	I/O
49	DD14	I/O
50	DD0	I/O

Figure 2-8 (Part 1 of 2). UltraBay II Connector Pin Assignments

Pin	Signal	I/O and Feature
51	DD15	I/O
52	GND	GND
53	-UBAY_HDD	I
54	DMARQ	I
55	GND	GND
56	-DIOW	O
57	GND	GND
58	-DIOR	O
59	GND	GND
60	IORDY	I
61	CSEL	O
62	-DMACK	O
63	IRQ	I
64	-IOCS16	I
65	DA1	O
66	-PDIAG	I/O
67	DA0	O
68	DA2	O
69	-CS1	O
70	-CS3	O
71	-DASP	I
72	-MCS	O
73	CD_MUTE	I
74	AUDIO_RTN	I
75	CD_L_IN	I
76	CD_R_IN	I
77	GND	GND
78	GND	GND
79	UBAYID3	I
80	UBAYID4	I

Figure 2-8 (Part 2 of 2). UltraBay II Connector Pin Assignments

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## Diskette Drive and Controller

Figure 2-9 shows the read, write, and format capabilities of the diskette drive for the ThinkPad computer.

Diskette Type	Format Size		
	720 KB	1.2 MB	1.44 MB
3.5-inch 1.0 MB Diskette	RWF	–	–
3.5-inch 2.0 MB Diskette	–	RWF	RWF
<b>Legend:</b>			
1 KB (kilobyte)	1024 bytes		
1 MB (megabyte)	1,048,576 bytes		
R	Read		
W	Write		
F	Format		

Figure 2-9. Diskette Drive Read, Write, and Format Capabilities

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## Memory

The ThinkPad computers use the following types of memory:

- Read-only memory (ROM)
- Random access memory (RAM)
- Real-time clock/complementary metal-oxide semiconductor RAM (RT/CMOS RAM)

### ROM Subsystem

The ROM subsystem consists of four banks of 128 KB memory. ROM is active when power is turned on and is assigned to the top of the first and last 1 MB of address space (hex 000F0000–000FFFFFF and hex FFFF0000–FFFFFFFF). After POST checks that system memory is operating correctly, the ROM code is copied to RAM at the same address space, and ROM is disabled.

### RAM Subsystem

The RAM subsystem on the system board starts at address hex 00000000 of the address space. The RAM subsystem for the ThinkPad 770 is 64 bits wide.

The 32 MB base memory is on the system board. Two 144-pin 8-byte dual inline memory module (DIMM) connectors are provided on the system board. Both connectors accept an 8 MB, a 16 MB, a 32 MB, a 64 MB, or a 128 MB DIMM. The memory capacity can be increased up to 256 MB. When two 128 MB DIMMs are installed, the base 32 MB memory on the system board becomes inoperative.

The total amount of usable memory is less than the amount of memory installed because of ROM-to-RAM remapping and power management.

## System Memory Map

Memory is mapped by the memory controller registers.

Figure 2-10 on page 2-17 shows the memory map for a correctly functioning system. Memory can be mapped differently if POST detects an error in system board memory or RT/CMOS RAM. In the figure, the variable  $x$  represents the number of 1 MB blocks of system board memory starting at or above the hex 100000 boundary.

Hex Address Range	Function
00000000 to 0009FFFF	640 KB system board RAM
000A0000 to 000BFFFF	Video RAM
000C0000 to 000C9FFF	System board video BIOS ROM mapped to RAM
000C8000 to 000EFFFF	Channel ROM
000F0000 to 000FFFFF	64 KB system board ROM mapped to RAM
00100000 to (00100000 + $x$ MB)	$x$ MB system board RAM
FFFF0000 to FFFFFFFF	64 KB system board ROM (same as 000F0000 to 000FFFFF)

Figure 2-10. System Memory Map



## System Board Memory for the DIMM Connectors

The system board has two DIMM connectors.

Figure 2-11 shows the pin assignments for the DIMM connector.

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	Vss	38	D40	75	Vss	110	A12
2	Vss	39	DQ9	76	Vss		(BS1)
3	DQ0	40	DQ41	77	Reserved	111	A10
4	DQ32	41	DQ10	78	Reserved		(AP)
5	DQ1	42	DQ42	79	Reserved	112	A13
6	DQ33	43	DQ11	80	Reserved	113	Vcc
7	DQ2	44	DQ43	81	Vcc	114	Vcc
8	DQ34	45	Vcc	82	Vcc	115	DQMB2
9	DQ3	46	Vcc	83	DQ16	116	DQMB6
10	DQ35	47	DQ12	84	DQ48	117	DQMB3
11	Vcc	48	DQ44	85	DQ17	118	DQMB7
12	Vcc	49	DQ13	86	DQ49	119	Vss
13	DQ4	50	DQ45	87	DQ18	120	Vss
14	DQ36	51	DQ14	88	DQ50	121	DQ24
15	DQ5	52	DQ46	89	DQ19	122	DQ56
16	DQ37	53	DQ15	90	DQ51	123	DQ25
17	DQ6	54	DQ47	91	Vss	124	DQ57
18	DQ38	55	Vss	92	Vss	125	DQ26
19	DQ7	56	Vss	93	DQ20	126	DQ58
20	D39	57	Reserved	94	DQ52	127	DQ27
21	Vss	58	Reserved	95	DQ21	128	DQ59
22	Vss	59	Reserved	96	DQ53	129	Vcc
23	DQMB0	60	Reserved	97	DQ22	130	Vcc
24	DQMB4	61	CK	98	DQ54	131	DQ28
25	DQMB1	62	CKE	99	DQ23	132	DQ60
26	DQMB5	63	Vcc	100	DQ55	133	DQ29
27	Vcc	64	Vcc	101	Vcc	134	DQ61
28	Vcc	65	/RAS	102	Vcc	135	DQ30
29	A0	66	/CAS	103	A6	136	DQ62
30	A3	67	/WE	104	A7	137	DQ31
31	A1	68	RFU	105	A8	138	DQ63
32	A4	69	/S0	106	A11	139	Vss
33	A2	70	RFU		(BS0)	140	Vss
34	A5	71	/S1	107	Vss	141	SDA
35	Vss	72	RFU	108	Vss	142	SCL
36	Vss	73	RFU	109	A9	143	Vcc
37	DQ8	74	RFU			144	Vcc

Figure 2-11. DIMM Adapter Card Memory Connector Pin Assignments

## RT/CMOS RAM

The RT/CMOS RAM (real-time clock/complementary metal-oxide semiconductor RAM) module contains the real-time clock and 128 bytes of CMOS RAM. The clock circuitry uses 14 bytes of this memory; the remainder is allocated to configuration and system-status information. A battery is built into the module to keep the RT/CMOS RAM active when the power supply is not turned on. In addition to the 128 bytes of CMOS/RAM, a CMOS/RAM extension of 4 KB is provided for configuration and other system information.

Figure 2-12 lists the RT/CMOS RAM bytes and their addresses.

Address (Hex)	RT/CMOS RAM Bytes
000–00D	Real-time clock
00E	Diagnostic status
00F	Shutdown status
010	Diskette drive type
011	Hard disk 2 and 3 drive type
012	Hard disk 0 and 1 drive type
013	Reserved
014	Equipment
015, 016	Low and high base memory
017, 018	Low and high expansion memory
019	Hard disk 0 extended byte
01A	Hard disk 1 extended byte
01B	Hard disk 2 extended byte
01C	Hard disk 3 extended byte
01D–02D	Reserved
02E, 02F	Checksum
030, 031	Low and high usable memory above 1 MB
032	Date-century
033–07F	Reserved

Figure 2-12. RT/CMOS RAM Address Map

### RT/CMOS Address and NMI Mask Register (Hex 0070)

The NMI mask register is used with the RT/CMOS data register (hex 0071) to read from and write to the RT/CMOS RAM bytes.

#### Attention

The operation following a write to hex 0070 should access hex 0071; otherwise, intermittent failures of the RT/CMOS RAM can occur.

Bit	Function
7	NMI mask
6–0	RT/CMOS RAM address

Figure 2-13. RT/CMOS Address and NMI Mask Register (Hex 0070)

**Bit 7** When this write-only bit is set to 1, the NMI is masked (disabled). This bit is set to 1 by a power-on reset.

**Bits 6–0** These bits are used to select RT/CMOS RAM addresses.

### RT/CMOS Data Register (Hex 0071)

The RT/CMOS data register is used with the RT/CMOS address and NMI mask register (hex 0070) to read from and write to the RT/CMOS RAM bytes.

Bit	Function
7–0	RT/CMOS data

Figure 2-14. RT/CMOS Data Register (Hex 0071)

## **RT/CMOS RAM I/O Operations**

During I/O operations to the RT/CMOS RAM addresses, you should mask interrupts to prevent other interrupt routines from changing the RT/CMOS address register before data is read or written. After I/O operations, you should leave the RT/CMOS address and NMI mask register (hex 0070) pointing to status register D (hex 00D).

### **Attention**

The operation following a write to hex 0070 should access hex 0071; otherwise, intermittent failures of the RT/CMOS RAM can occur.

Writing to the RT/CMOS RAM requires the following:

1. Write the RT/CMOS RAM address to the RT/CMOS address and NMI mask register (hex 0070).
2. Write the data to the RT/CMOS data register (hex 0071).
3. Write the address, hex 0F, to the RT/CMOS and NMI mask register; this leaves hex 0070 pointing to the shutdown status byte (hex 0F).
4. Read address hex 0071 to restore the RT/CMOS.

Reading from the RT/CMOS RAM requires the following steps:

1. Write the RT/CMOS RAM address to the RT/CMOS and NMI mask register (hex 0070).
2. Read the data from the RT/CMOS data register (hex 0071).
3. Write the address, hex 0F, to the RT/CMOS and NMI mask register; this leaves hex 0070 pointing to the shutdown status byte (hex 0F).
4. Read address hex 0071 to restore the RT/CMOS.

**Real-Time Clock Bytes (Hex 000–00D):** Bit definitions and addresses for the real-time clock bytes are shown in Figure 2-15.

Address (Hex)	Function	Byte Number
000	Seconds	0
001	Second alarm	1
002	Minutes	2
003	Minute alarm	3
004	Hours	4
005	Hour alarm	5
006	Day of week	6
007	Date of month	7
008	Month	8
009	Year	9
00A	Status register A	10
00B	Status register B	11
00C	Status register C	12
00D	Status register D	13

Figure 2-15. Real-Time Clock Bytes (Hex 000–00D)

**Note:** The setup program initializes status registers A and B when the time and date are set. Interrupt 1AH is the BIOS interface to read and set the time and date; it initializes the registers in the same way that the setup program does.

### Status Register A (Hex 00A)

Bit	Function
7	Update in progress (UIP)
6	Countdown chain 1 - resets countdown chain 0 - countdown chain enabled
5	Oscillator enable 0 - oscillator off 1 - oscillator on
4	Bank select
3–0	Rate-selection bits

Figure 2-16. Status Register A (Hex 00A)

**Bit 7** This bit is a status flag that can be monitored. If this bit is 1, the update transfer will soon occur. If this bit 0, the update transfer will not occur for at least 244  $\mu$ s.

- Bits 6–5** If these bits are a pattern of 01, the oscillator is turned on and the RTC is allowed to keep time. The next update will occur at 500 ms after a pattern of 01 is written to these bits.
- Bits 4** To use the original bank of memory, select 0. To use the extended registers, select 1.
- Bits 3–0** These bits allow the selection of a divider output frequency or disable the divider output.

**Status Register B (Hex 00B)**

Bit	Function
7	Set
6	Enable periodic interrupt
5	Enable alarm interrupt
4	Enable update-ended interrupt
3	Enable square wave
2	Date mode
1	24-hour mode
0	Enable daylight-saving time

Figure 2-17. Status Register B (Hex 00B)

- Bit 7** If set to 0, this bit updates the cycle, normally by advancing the count at a rate of one cycle per second. If set to 1, it immediately ends any update cycle in progress, and the program can initialize the 14 time bytes without any further updates occurring until this bit is set to 0.
- Bit 6** This is a read/write bit that allows an interrupt to occur at a rate specified by the rate and divider bits in status register A. If set to 1, this bit enables the interrupt. The system initializes this bit to 0.
- Bit 5** If set to 1, this bit enables the alarm interrupt. The system initializes this bit to 0.
- Bit 4** If set to 1, this bit enables the update-ended interrupt. The system initializes this bit to 0.
- Bit 3** If set to 1, this bit enables the square-wave frequency as set by the rate-selection bits in status register A. The system initializes this bit to 0.

- Bit 2** This bit indicates whether the binary-coded-decimal (BCD) or binary format is used for time-and-date calendar updates. If set to 1, this bit indicates binary format. The system initializes this bit to 0.
- Bit 1** This bit indicates whether the hours byte is in 12-hour or 24-hour mode. If set to 1, this bit indicates the 24-hour mode. The system initializes this bit to 1.
- Bit 0** If set to 1, this bit enables the daylight-saving-time mode. If set to 0, this bit disables the daylight-saving-time mode, and the clock reverts to standard time. The system initializes this bit to 0.

**Status Register C (Hex 00C)**

Bit	Function
7	Interrupt request flag
6	Periodic interrupt flag
5	Alarm interrupt flag
4	Update-ended interrupt flag
3–0	Reserved

Figure 2-18. Status Register C (Hex 00C)

**Note:** Interrupts are enabled by bits 6, 5, and 4 in status register B.

- Bit 7** If set to 1, this bit indicates that an interrupt has occurred; bits 6, 5, and 4 indicate the type of interrupt.
- Bit 6** If set to 1, this bit indicates that a periodic interrupt has occurred.
- Bit 5** If set to 1, this bit indicates that an alarm interrupt has occurred.
- Bit 4** If set to 1, this bit indicates that an update-ended interrupt has occurred.
- Bits 3–0** These bits are reserved.

**Status Register D (Hex 00D)**

Bit	Function
7	Valid RAM
6–0	Reserved

Figure 2-19. Status Register D (Hex 00D)

**Bit 7** This read-only bit monitors the internal battery. If set to 1, this bit indicates that the real-time clock has power. If set to 0, it indicates that the real-time clock has lost power and the data in CMOS is no longer valid.

**Bits 6–0** These bits are reserved.

### CMOS RAM Configuration

Figure 2-20 shows the bit definitions for the CMOS RAM configuration bytes.

#### ***Diagnostic Status Byte (Hex 00E)***

Bit	Function
7	Real-time clock power
6	Configuration record and checksum status
5	Incorrect configuration
4	Memory size mismatch
3	Hard disk controller/drive C initialization status
2	Time status indicator
1, 0	Reserved

Figure 2-20. Diagnostic Status Byte (Hex 00E)

**Bit 7** If set to 1, this bit indicates that the real-time clock has lost power.

**Bit 6** If set to 1, this bit indicates that the checksum is incorrect.

**Bit 5** This bit indicates the results of a power-on check of the equipment byte (hex 014). If set to 1, this bit indicates that the configuration information is incorrect.

**Bit 4** If set to 1, this bit indicates that the memory size does not match the configuration information.

**Bit 3** If set to 1, this bit indicates that the controller or hard disk drive failed initialization.

**Bit 2** If set to 1, this bit indicates that the time is invalid.

**Bits 1, 0** These bits are reserved.

***Shutdown Status Byte (Hex 00F):*** This byte is defined by the power-on diagnostic programs.



**Diskette Drive Type Byte (Hex 010):** This byte indicates the type of the installed diskette drive.

Bit	Drive Type
7-4	Diskette drive type
3-0	Reserved

Figure 2-21. Diskette Drive Type Byte (Hex 010)

**Bits 7-4** These bits indicate the diskette drive type.

Bits 7-4	Description
0 1 1 0	Diskette drive (2.88MB)
0 1 0 0	Diskette drive (1.44MB)
<b>Note:</b> Combinations not shown are reserved.	

Figure 2-22. Diskette Drive Type Bits 7-4

**Bits 3-0** These bits are reserved.

**Hard Disk Drive Type Byte (Hex 011):** This byte defines the type of hard disk drive installed. Hex 00 indicates that no hard disk drive is installed.

Bit	Drive Type
7-4	Hard disk drive type 2
3-0	Hard disk drive type 3

Figure 2-23. Hard Disk Type Byte (Hex 011)

Bit 7-4	Description
0 0 0 0	No drive installed for hard disk drive 2
1 1 1 1	Use CMOS 1BH for hard disk drive 2

Figure 2-24. Hard Disk Drive Type 2 (Bits 7-4)

Bit 3-0	Description
0 0 0 0	No drive installed for hard disk drive 3
1 1 1 1	Use CMOS 1CH for hard disk drive 3

Figure 2-25. Hard Disk Drive Type 3 (Bits 3-0)

**Hard Disk Drive Type Byte (Hex 012):** This byte defines the type of hard disk drive installed. Hex 00 indicates that no hard disk drive is installed.

Bit	Drive Type
7-4	Hard disk drive 0
3-0	Hard disk drive 1

Figure 2-26. Hard Disk Drive Type Byte

**Reserved Bytes (Hex 013):** These bytes are reserved.

**Equipment Byte (Hex 014):** This byte defines the basic equipment in the system for the power-on diagnostic tests.

Bit	Description
7, 6	Number of diskette drives
5, 4	Display operating mode
3, 2	Reserved
1	Coprocessor presence
0	Diskette drive 0 presence

Figure 2-27. Equipment Byte

**Bits 7, 6** These bits indicate the number of installed diskette drives.

Bits 7,6	Number of Diskette Drives
0 0	One drive
0 1	Reserved
1 0	Reserved
1 1	Reserved

Figure 2-28. Installed Diskette Drive Bits

**Bits 5, 4** These bits indicate the operating mode of the display attached to the video port.

Bits 5,4	Display Operating Mode
0 0	Reserved
0 1	40-column mode
1 0	80-column mode
1 1	Monochrome mode

Figure 2-29. Display Operating Mode Bits

**Bits 3–2** These bits are reserved.

**Bit 1** If set to 1, this bit indicates that a coprocessor is installed.

**Bit 0** If set to 1, this bit indicates that physical diskette drive 0 is installed.

**Low and High Base Memory Bytes (Hex 015 and Hex 016):** The low and high base memory bytes define the amount of memory below the 640 KB address space.

The value in these bytes represents the number of 1 KB blocks of base memory. For example, hex 0280 indicates 640 KB. The low byte is hex 015; the high byte is hex 016.

**Low and High Expansion Memory Bytes (Hex 017 and Hex 018):** The low and high expansion memory bytes define the amount of memory above the 1 MB address space.

The value in these bytes represents the number of 1 KB blocks of expansion memory. For example, hex 0800 indicates 2048 KB. The low byte is hex 017; the high byte is hex 018.

**Reserved Bytes (Hex 01D–02D):** These bytes are reserved.

**Configuration Checksum Bytes (Hex 02E and Hex 02F):** The configuration checksum bytes contain the checksum character for bytes hex 010 through hex 02D of the 64-byte CMOS RAM. The high byte is hex 02E; the low byte is hex 02F.

**Low and High Usable Memory Bytes (Hex 030 and Hex 031):** The low and high usable memory bytes define the total amount of contiguous memory from 1 MB to 20 MB.

The hexadecimal values in these bytes represent the number of 1 KB blocks of usable memory. For example, hex 0800 is equal to 2048 KB. The low byte is hex 30; the high byte is hex 31.

**Date-Century Byte (Hex 032):** Bits 7 through 0 of the date-century byte contain the binary-coded decimal value for the century. For information about reading and setting this byte, refer to the *IBM Personal System/2 and Personal Computer BIOS Interface*.

**Reserved Bytes (Hex 033–07F):** These bytes are reserved.

---

## Miscellaneous System Functions and Ports

This section provides information about nonmaskable interrupts (NMIs), the power-on password, and hardware compatibility.

### Nonmaskable Interrupt (NMI)

The NMI signals the system microprocessor that a channel check timeout has occurred. This situation can cause lost data or an overrun error on some I/O devices. The NMI masks all other interrupts. The interrupt return (IRET) instruction restores the interrupt flag to the state it was in before the interrupt occurred. A system reset causes a reset of the NMI.

The NMI requests from system board channel check are subject to mask control with the NMI mask bit in the RT/CMOS Address register. See "RT/CMOS Address and NMI Mask Register (Hex 0070)" on page 2-20. The power-on default of the NMI mask is 1 (NMI disabled).

#### Attention

The operation following a write to hex 0070 should access hex 0071; otherwise, intermittent failures of the RT/CMOS RAM can occur.

## System Control Port A (Hex 0092)

Bit	Function
7-4	Reserved
3	Security lock latch
2	Reserved (must be set to 0)
1	Alternate gate A20
0	Alternate hot reset

Figure 2-30. System Control Port A (Hex 0092)

**Bits 7-4** These bits are reserved.

**Bit 3** This bit provides a security lock for the secured area of RT/CMOS. If this bit is set to 1, the 8-byte power-on password is locked by the software. After this bit is set by POST, it can be cleared only by turning the system off.

**Bit 2** This bit is reserved.

**Bit 1** This bit is used to enable the 'address 20' signal (A20) when the microprocessor is in the real address mode. If this bit is set to 0, A20 cannot be used in real mode addressing. This bit is set to 0 during a system reset.

**Bit 0** This bit provides an alternative method of resetting the system microprocessor. This alternative method supports operating systems requiring faster operation than that provided on the IBM Personal Computer AT. Resetting the system microprocessor switches the microprocessor from protected mode to real address mode.

This bit is set to 0 by either a system reset or a write operation. If a write operation changes this bit from 0 to 1, the 'processor reset' signal is pulsed after the reset has occurred. While the reset is occurring, the latch remains set so that POST can read this bit. If the bit is set to 0, POST assumes that the system was just powered on. If the bit is set to 1, POST assumes that the microprocessor has been switched from protected mode to real mode.

If bit 0 is used to reset the system microprocessor to the real mode, use the following procedure:

1. Disable all maskable and nonmaskable interrupts.

2. Reset the system microprocessor by writing a 1 to bit 0.
3. Issue a Halt instruction to the system microprocessor.
4. Reenable all maskable and nonmaskable interrupts.

If you do not follow this procedure, the results are unpredictable.

**Note:** Whenever possible, use BIOS as an interface to reset the system microprocessor to the real mode. For more information about resetting the system microprocessor, refer to the *IBM Personal System/2 and Personal Computer BIOS Interface*.

## System Control Port B (Hex 0061)

Bit definitions for the write and read functions of this port are shown in the following figures:

Bit	Function
7-4	Reserved
3	Enable channel check
2	Enable PCI SERR#
1	Enable speaker data
0	Timer 2 gate to speaker

Figure 2-31. System Control Port B (Hex 0061, Write)

Bit	Function
7	PCI SERR# (PCI error) status
6	Channel check status
5	Timer 2 output
4	Toggles with each refresh request
3	Enable channel check
2	Enable PCI SERR# (PCI error) check
1	Enable speaker data
0	Timer 2 gate to speaker

Figure 2-32. System Control Port B (Hex 0061, Read)

**Bit 7** If a system board error occurs and the PCI SERR# line is activated, this bit is set to 1.

- Bit 6** If set to 1, this bit indicates that a channel check has occurred.
- Bit 5** If read, this bit indicates the condition of the timer/counter 2 'output' signal.
- Bit 4** If read, this bit toggles for each refresh request.
- Bit 3** If set to 0, this bit enables the channel check. This bit is set to 1 during a power-on reset.
- Bit 2** If set to 0, this bit enables the PCI SERR#.
- Bit 1** If set to 1, this bit enables the speaker data.
- Bit 0** If set to 1, this bit enables the timer 2 gate.

## Power-On Password

RT/CMOS RAM has 8 bytes reserved for the power-on password and the check character. The 8 bytes are initialized to hex 00. The microprocessor can access these bytes only during POST. After POST is completed, if a power-on password is installed, the password bytes are locked and cannot be accessed by any program.

During power-on password installation, the password (1 to 7 characters) is stored in the security space.

Installing the password is a function of the built-in system program *Easy-Setup*. The power-on password does not appear on the screen when it is installed, changed, or removed. After the power-on password has been installed, it can be changed or removed only during POST.

The computer also can have a keyboard password. For more information, see the keyboard and auxiliary device controller section of the *IBM Personal System/2 Hardware Interface Technical Reference*.

## Other Passwords

In addition to the power-on password, the computer provides two more passwords:

- The **hard-disk password** (HDP) protects the data on your removable hard disk drive from being accessed by unauthorized persons.

- The **supervisor password** protects the system information in Easy-Setup from being changed by unauthorized persons.

For more information about these passwords, refer to the *ThinkPad User's Guide*.

## Selectable Drive-Startup Sequence

Selectable drive-startup (selectable boot) allows you to control the startup sequence of the drives in your computer. The order in which the computer looks for the drives for your operating system is the *drive-startup sequence*. If you are working with multiple operating systems, you might want to change the drive-startup sequence to load the operating system from the hard disk without first checking the diskette drive, or to do a remote program load (RPL).

### Attention

When changing your startup sequence, you must be extremely careful when doing write operations (such as copying, saving, or formatting). Your data or programs can be overwritten if you select the wrong drive.

For more information about the selectable drive-startup sequence, refer to the *ThinkPad User's Guide*.



---

## Hardware Compatibility

The computer supports most of the interfaces used by the IBM Personal Computer AT\* and the Personal System/2\* (PS/2\*) products. In many cases, the command and status organization of these interfaces is maintained.

The functional interfaces for the computer are compatible with the following:

- The Intel 8259 interrupt controllers (edge trigger mode).
- The Intel 8254 timers driven from 1.193 MHz (channels 0, 1, and 2).
- The Intel 8237 DMA controller-address/transfer counters, page registers, and status fields only. The command and request registers, and the rotate and mask functions, are not supported. The mode register is partially supported.
- The NS16550 serial communications controller.
- The Intel Pentium microprocessor.
- The Intel 8086\*\*, 8088\*\*, 80286\*\*, 80386\*\*, and i486DX microprocessors.
- The Intel 8087\*\*, 80287\*\*, 80387\*\* math coprocessors.
- The Intel 82077AA\*\* diskette drive controller.
- The keyboard interface at addresses hex 0060 and hex 0064.
- Display modes supported by the IBM Monochrome Display and Printer Adapter, the IBM Color/Graphics Monitor Adapter, and the IBM Enhanced Graphics Adapter.
- The parallel printer ports (Parallel 1, Parallel 2, and Parallel 3) in compatibility mode.

---

## Error Codes

POST returns a three or more character code message to indicate the type of test that failed. Figure 2-33 lists the failure indicated with the associated error code.

Error Code	Description
101	Interrupt failure.
102	Timer failure.
103	Timer interrupt failure.
104	Protected mode failure.
105	Last 8042 command not accepted.
107	NMI test failure.
108	Timer bus test failure.
109	Low meg-chip select test.
110	Planar parity.
111	I/O parity.
118	Planar parity error logged.
158	A supervisor password is set, but no hard disk password is set.
159	The hard disk password is not identical to the supervisor password.
161	Dead battery.
163	Date and time are not set; clock not updated.
173	CMOS CRC error.
174	Configuration error.
175	Bad EEPROM CRC 1.
177	Bad supervisor password checksum.
178	EEPROM is not functional.
179	NVRAM error log full.
183	Supervisor password is needed.
184	Bad power-on password checksum.
185	Corrupted startup boot sequence.
186	Inconsistency between EEPROM and security lock latch 2.
188	Bad EEPROM CRC 2.
189	Too many passwords attempted.
190	Critically low battery condition detected.
191XX	PM initialization error. (X can be any character.)
195	Configuration mismatch error found during hibernation wake-up.
196	Critical error found during hibernation wake-up.
201	Memory data error.
202	Memory line error 00 through 15.
203	Memory line error 16 through 23.
215	Memory test failure on on-board memory.
221	ROM to RAM remap error.
301	Keyboard error.

Figure 2-33 (Part 1 of 2). Error Codes

<b>Error Code</b>	<b>Description</b>
601	Diskette drive or controller error.
602	No valid boot record on diskette.
604	Invalid diskette drive error.
1101	Serial-A test failure.
1201	Serial-B test failure.
1701	Hard disk controller failure.
1780, 1790	Hard disk 0 error.
1781, 1791	Hard disk 1 error.
2401	System board video error.
8081	PCMCIA presence test failure (PCMCIA revision number also checked).
8082	PCMCIA register test failure.
8601	System bus error (8042 mouse interface).
8602	External mouse error.
8603	System bus error or mouse error.
8611	System bus error (I/F between 8042 and IPDC).
8612	TrackPoint III error.
8613	System board or TrackPoint III error.
I9990301	Hard disk error.
I9990302	Invalid hard disk boot record.
I9990303	Bank-2 flash ROM checksum error.
I9990305	No bootable device.

Figure 2-33 (Part 2 of 2). Error Codes

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## Section 3. Subsystems

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This section describes the video, DSP, Audio, IR, Enhanced video, and PCMCIA subsystems of the ThinkPad computers.

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## Video Subsystem

The video subsystem consists of the XGA video controller and video random-access memory (VRAM). The video subsystem supports an IBM thin-film transistor (TFT) as follows:

LCD Type	VRAM Size	Color Depth		Resolution	
		On the LCD	On the External Display	On the LCD	On the External Display
XGA TFT	2 MB	65,536	16,777,216	1024×768	640×480 800×600 1024×768 1280×1024 1600×1200

The video subsystem also supports PS/2 analog displays without any additional adapters.

**Note:** Use of any video subsystem features not documented in this book can result in future incompatibility.

Color	Resolution
65,536 colors	640×480
	800×600
	1024×768
16,777,216 colors	640×480
	800×600

## Video Modes

The video subsystem supports the modes listed in Figure 3-1 and Figure 3-2 on page 3-4:

Mode (Hex)	Type	Colors	Alpha-numeric Format	Buffer Start Address	Box Size	Max Pages	Pels	Expanded Size	
								XGA	
0, 1	A/N	16	40x25	B8000	8x8	8	320x200	960x600	
0*, 1*	A/N	16	40x25	B8000	8x14	8	320x350	960x700	
0#, 1#	A/N	16	40x25	B8000	8x16	8	320x400	960x600	
2, 3	A/N	16	80x25	B8000	8x8	8	640x200	960x600	
2*, 3*	A/N	16	80x25	B8000	8x14	8	640x350	960x700	
2#, 3#	A/N	16	80x25	B8000	8x16	8	640x400	960x600	
4, 5	APA	4	40x25	B8000	8x8	1	320x200	960x600	
6	APA	2	80x25	B8000	8x8	1	640x200	960x600	
7*	A/N	-	80x25	B0000	8x14	8	640x350	960x700	
7#	A/N	-	80x25	B0000	8x16	8	640x400	960x600	
D	APA	16	40x25	A0000	8x8	8	320x200	960x600	
E	APA	16	80x25	A0000	8x8	4	640x200	960x600	
F	APA	-	80x25	A0000	8x14	2	640x350	960x700	
10	APA	16	80x25	A0000	8x14	2	640x350	960x700	
11	APA	2	80x30	A0000	8x16	1	640x480	960x720	
12	APA	16	80x30	A0000	8x16	1	640x480	960x720	
13	APA	256	40x25	A0000	8x8	1	320x200	960x600	

Figure 3-1. BIOS Video VGA Modes

The following shows the video BIOS extended modes for the 770 (containing a video chip Trident Cyber 9397 and 2 MB VRAM):

Video Mode	VESA Mode Number (Hex)	External Monitor								TFT LCD	TV Out	
		87	96i	60	70	72	75	85	NTSC		PAL	
VGA modes	—											
640x400x256	100											
640x400x32k	—											
640x400x64k	—											
640x400xTrue	—											
640x480x256	101											
640x480x32k	110											
640x480x64k	111											
640x480xTrue	112											
720x480x256	—											
720x480x32k	—											
720x480x64k	—											
720x480xTrue	—											
800x600x16	102											
800x600x256	103											
800x600x32k	113											
800x600x64k	114											
800x600xTrue	115											
1024x768x16	104											
1024x768x256	105											
1024x768x32k	116											
1024x768x64k	117											
1280x1024x16	106											
1280x1024x256	107											
1600x1200x16	—											
1600x1200x256	—											

**Note:**  
o!: Supported by centering mode only.

Figure 3-2. Video BIOS Extended Modes—Trident 9397

### 3-4 Subsystems

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## Modem Subsystem

The modem subsystem is composed of a digital signal processor (DSP) and a data access arrangement (DAA):

- General MIDI-compatible, 32-voice wave table synthesizer
- 36.6-kbps data/fax modem
- Full-feature telephone
- Answering machine
- Headphone-free, full-duplex speaker phone

## ThinkPad Modem

The modem subsystem provides three system settings: I/O address, IRQ level, and DMA channel.

I/O Address	IRQ Level	DMA Channel
0130–013F (default)	IRQ 3	DMA 0
0350–035F	IRQ 4	DMA 1
0770–077F	IRQ 5	DMA 6
0DB0–0DBF	IRQ 7	DMA 7 (default)
	IRQ 10 (default)	
	IRQ 11	
	IRQ 15	

## MIDI Port Function

The MIDI port function provides one system setting:

I/O Address
0300–0303
0310–0313
0320–0323
0330–0333 (default)

## Sound Blaster Support Function

The Sound Blaster support function provides three system settings: I/O address, IRQ level, and DMA channel.



<b>I/O Address</b>	<b>IRQ Level</b>	<b>DMA Channel</b>
0220–0233 (default)	IRQ 5 (default)	DMA 0
0240–0253	IRQ 7	DMA 1 (default)
0260–0273	IRQ 10	DMA 6
0280–0293	IRQ 11	DMA 7
0388–038B (synthesizer)		

## **Telephony (Modem) Function**

The telephony (modem) function provides the following settings:

<b>Serial Port</b>
COM1 (I/O: 03F8 - IRQ 4)
COM2 (I/O: 02F8 - IRQ 3) (default)
COM3 (I/O: 03E8 - IRQ 4)
COM4 (I/O: 02E8 - IRQ 3)

---

## Audio Subsystem

The crystal audio subsystem provides 16-bit stereo audio with high-quality FM music synthesis using four operators per voice. It can record, compress, and play back voice, sound, and music with built-in mixer controls. It consists of an embedded microprocessor, 16-bit stereo, 20-voice FM music synthesizer (or 18 simultaneous 4-operator voices), MIDI serial port compatible MPU401 UART mode, DMA control, and ISA bus interface logic.

The AudioDrive provides the computer with the following audio features:

- High-quality audio (44.1-kHz MPC-2 16-bit audio)
- General MIDI compatible, 32-voice wave table synthesizer
- Sound Blaster support

## MIDI Port Function

The MIDI port I/O address is as follows (only when docked to the docking station):

I/O Address
0300–0301
0330–0331 (default)

## Sound Blaster Support Function

The Sound Blaster support function provides three system settings: I/O address, IRQ level, and DMA channel.

I/O Address	IRQ Level	DMA Channel
0220–022F (default)	IRQ 5 (default)	DMA 0
0240–024F	IRQ 7	DMA 1 (default)
0338–038B (FM synthesizer)	IRQ 10	
	IRQ 11	

## Audio Port Specifications

- Audio Output:
  - ¼-inch mini-jack for headphone
  - Headphone speaker output: 22 mW (32 ohm) maximum
  - Maximum output level: 2.4 V pp
  - Output impedance: 75 ohm
- Audio Input:
  - ¼-inch mini-jack for microphone or line input
  - Microphone gain: 26-dB minimum, 48.5-dB maximum
  - Maximum input level:
    - Microphone:** 1255 mV pp
    - Line In:** 4.0 V pp
  - Input impedance:
    - Microphone:** 47 k ohm
    - Line In:** 30 k ohm

---

## Infrared (IR) Subsystem

The IR subsystem supports the following functions:

- MIF/FIR mode
  - 567 Kbps
  - 1.152 Mbps
  - 4.0 Mbps
- Sharp\*\* mode
  - 9,600 bps

The I/O address can be selected from the following with the system utility program. The IR subsystem uses one serial port address and one IR controller register address:

I/O Address	
03F8–03FF	Serial port 1 (default)
02F8–02FF	Serial port 2
03E8–03EF	Serial port 3
02E8–02EF	Serial port 4
03F8–03FF	IR controller register 1 (default)
02F8–02FF	IR controller register 2
03E8–03EF	IR controller register 3
02E8–02EF	IR controller register 4

## IRQ Level and DMA Channel

The IR subsystem uses one IRQ level and two DMA channels for ThinkPad mode. (Generic mode and Sharp mode do not require DMA channels.)

IRQ Level	DMA Channel
IRQ 3	DMA 0
IRQ 4 (default)	DMA 3
IRQ 5	
IRQ 10	
IRQ 11	
IRQ 15	

---

## Enhanced Video Subsystem

The enhanced video subsystem consists of the following functions:

- Video acceleration (hardware scaling, interpolation, color space conversion)
- Video overlay
- Video capture
- One video-in jack (NTSC or PAL<sup>1</sup> input)
- One video-out jack
- MPEG playback

## Video Port Specification

- S-Video Jack (In/Out)
  - 4-pin mini DIN jack (provided with attached special cable)
  - Color standard: NTSC or PAL
  - Y signal: 1 V pp 75 ohm with negative composite sync
  - C signal: 0.286 V pp 75 ohm
- Composite Video Jack (In/Out)
  - Pin jack (provided with attached special cable)
  - Color standard: NTSC or PAL
  - 1 V pp 75 ohm with negative composite sync
- Dolby surround

---

<sup>1</sup> NTSC: National Television Standards Committee  
PAL: Phase-alternation-by-line

---

## PCMCIA Subsystem

The system board has two PCMCIA (Personal Computer Memory Card International Association) slots that support the following types of PC Card:

- 16 bit PC Card Type-I, II, III 5V, 3.3V
- 32 bit PC Card Type-I, II, III 5V, 3.3V

However, x.xV, y.yV, DMA, and ZV are not supported.

The maximum current allowable for both slots at the same time is:

- 1.0 A at 5 V dc
- 0.8 A at 3.3 V dc
- 0.1 A at 12 V dc

The PCI1250 PCI-to-Cardbus Controller Unit<sup>2</sup> is used as the PC card controller in the system unit. The available interrupt levels are IRQ 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 14, and 15.

The system unit resumes operation from suspend mode when it receives the 'RI\_OUT' signal. The Type I and Type II PC cards can be installed into either the upper or the lower slot, or into both slots at the same time. The Type III PC card, however, must be installed only in the lower slot. The Type II PC card cannot be used in the upper slot when a Type III PC card is used.

The PCMCIA slots are designed according to the PC Card standard made in February 1995.

---

<sup>2</sup> Manufactured by Texas Instruments corporation.

## Pin Assignments

Figure 3-3 shows the pin assignments for the PCMCIA slots.

Pin	16-Bit PC Card	32-Bit PC Card
1	Ground	Ground
2	D3	CAD0
3	D4	CAD1
4	D5	CAD3
5	D6	CAD5
6	D7	CAD7
7	CE1#	CC/BE0#
8	A10	CAD9
9	OE	CAD11
10	A11	CAD12
11	A9	CAD14
12	A8	CC/BE1#
13	A13	CPAR
14	A14	CPERR#
15	WE#	CGNT#
16	IRQ#	CINT#
17	Vcc	Vcc
18	Vpp	Vpp
19	A16	CCLK
20	A15	CIRDY#
21	A12	CC/BE2#
22	A7	CAD18
23	A6	CAD20
24	A5	CAD21
25	A4	CAD22
26	A3	CAD23
27	A2	CAD24
28	A1	CAD25
29	A0	CAD26
30	D0	CAD27

Figure 3-3 (Part 1 of 2). PCMCIA PC Card Slot Pin Assignments

Pin	16-Bit PC Card	32-Bit PC Card
31	D1	CAD29
32	D2	Reserved
33	IOIS16#	CCLKRUN#
34	Ground	Ground
35	Ground	Ground
36	CD1#	CCD1#
37	D11	CAD2
38	D12	CAD4
39	D13	CAD6
40	D14	Reserved
41	D15	CAD8
42	CE2	CAD10
43	VS1#	CVS1
44	IORD#	CAD13
45	IOWR#	CAD15
46	A17	CAD16
47	A18	Reserved
48	A19	CBLOCK#
49	A20	CSTOP#
50	A21	CDEVSEL#
51	Vcc	Vcc
52	Vpp	Vpp
53	A22	CTRDY#
54	A23	CFRAME#
55	A24	CAD17
56	A25	CAD19
57	AS2#	CVS2
58	RESET	CRST#
59	WAIT#	CSERR#
60	INPACK#	CREQ#
61	REG#	CC/BE3#
62	SPKR#	CAUDIO
63	STSCHG#	CSTSCHG
64	D8	CAD28
65	D9	CAD30
66	D10	CAD31
67	CD2#	CCD2#
68	GND	GND

Figure 3-3 (Part 2 of 2). PCMCIA PC Card Slot Pin Assignments

The maximum current for +5 V dc is 1.0 A (including both slots and V pp).

The maximum current for +12 V dc is 0.1 A (including both slots and V pp). When the computer is in suspend mode, it requires a current of 0.05 A.



---

## IDE Channel on the UltraBay II

A primary IDE channel is provided on the UltraBay connector, providing two system settings:

I/O Address	IRQ Level
01F0–01F7 03F6	IRQ 14

A secondary IDE channel is provided on the UltraBay connector, providing two system settings:

I/O Address	IRQ Level
0170–0177 0376	IRQ 15

If a hard disk is attached to the hard disk connector, an IDE device on the UltraBay becomes a primary slave. (The hard disk attached to the hard disk connector is the primary master.) If no hard disk is attached to the hard disk connector, an IDE device on the UltraBay is a primary master.

---

## MIDI/Joystick Port

The MIDI/joystick port consists of the following functions:

- MIDI port (in/out)
- Joystick port

A standard game port connector is provided with a MIDI/joystick cable.

### MIDI Interface

A MIDI communication function is provided with the DSP subsystem. The MIDI interface is compatible with MPU-401 (UART mode).

### Joystick Interface

A joystick interface is provided at I/O address 0201. You can select whether to enable or disable it with the ThinkPad Features program.

## Appendix A. System Resources

The following summarizes the available system resources for the computer and docking stations. Values in parentheses are alternative values that are selectable in the ThinkPad Configurations program or application programs. The default values are highlighted.

System Resource	IRQ	I/O Address (Hex)	Memory Address (Hex)	DMA Channel
Timer	0	0040–0043	None	None
Keyboard	1	0060 and 0064	None	None
Serial port	<b>Disabled</b>	<b>Disabled</b>	None	None
	4	03F8–03FF		
	3	02F8–02FF		
	4	03E8–03EF		
	3	02E8–02EF		
Parallel port	<b>7</b>	<b>03BC–03BE</b> (and <b>07BC–07BE</b> <sup>1</sup> )	None	0, 1, 3, or disabled <sup>2</sup>
	7	0378–037F (and 0778–077A <sup>1</sup> )		
	5	0278–027F (and 0678–067A <sup>1</sup> )		
	Disabled	Disabled		
Infrared port	<b>4, 3, or disabled</b>	<b>03F8–03FF</b> , 02F8–02FF, 02E8–02EF, or 03E8–03EF	None	<b>0 and 3</b> or disabled
Diskette controller	6	03F0–03F7	None	2
Video controller	None	03BA, 03B4–03B5, 03C0–03CF, 03D4–03D5, 03D8–03D9, 03DA, 2100–21FF, 2200–2203, 2300–2323	A0000–BFFFF and C0000–C9FFF	None

<b>System Resource</b>	<b>IRQ</b>	<b>I/O Address (Hex)</b>	<b>Memory Address (Hex)</b>	<b>DMA Channel</b>
Enhanced video/MPEG (for the enhanced video model)	11, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 15, or disabled <sup>3</sup>	None	(Automatically set by the system) <sup>4</sup>	None
(For models with internal modems only) ThinkPad modem	10, 5, 7, 11, 15, or disabled	0130–013F, 0350–035F, 0770–077F, or 0DB0–0DBF	None	7, 0, 1, or 6
Sound blaster	None	0220–022F, 0240–024F, 0260–0273, or 0280–0293	None	None
MIDI	5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 15, or disabled <sup>5</sup>	0330–0332, 0300–0302, 0310–0313, or 0320–0323	None	None
Joystick port	None	0201	None	None
(For models with internal modems only) ThinkPad modem	3	02F8–02FF	None	None
	4	03F8–03FF		
	4	03E8–03EF		
	3	02E8–02EF		
	Disabled	Disabled		
WSS codec base	5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 15	0530–0537, 0604–060B, 0E80–0E87, 0F40–0F47	None	0, 1, 3,
Control base	None	0538–053F, 0D38–0D3F, 0E88–0E8F, 0FF0–0FF7	None	None
Hard disk drive, CD-ROM drive (for the CD-ROM drive model), or hard disk drive in the UltraBay II	14 or 15 <sup>6</sup>	01F0–01F7 and 03F6, or 0170–0177 and 0376	None	None
PCMCIA controller	11	03E0–03E1 (the PC Card slot in the docking station: 03E2–03E3)	None	None

<b>System Resource</b>	<b>IRQ</b>	<b>I/O Address (Hex)</b>	<b>Memory Address (Hex)</b>	<b>DMA Channel</b>
PC Card	(Dependent on the PC Card type)	(Dependent on the PC Card type)	(Dependent on the PC Card type)	None
Real time clock	8	0070–0071	None	None
TrackPoint or mouse	12	0060 and 0064	None	None
Math coprocessor exception	13	None	None	None
SCSI controller SelectaDock III	11, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 15, or disabled	Automatically set by the system	None	None
The IDE hard disk drive or IDE CD-ROM drive in the docking station	15, 10, 11	0170–0177 and 0376, 01E0–01E7 and 03E6, 01E8–01EF and 03EE, or 0168–016F and 036E	None	None
The ISA adapter card (option card) in the docking station	(Refer to the manual that came with the adapter card.)			

System Resource	IRQ	I/O Address (Hex)	Memory Address (Hex)	DMA Channel
The PCI adapter card (option card) in the SelectaDock	11, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 15, or disabled <sup>1</sup>	(Refer to manuals that came with the adapter card.)		
<p><b>Note:</b> Notes</p> <p><sup>1</sup> The I/O addresses in parentheses are also used when ECP is enabled as the printer operating mode from the ThinkPad Configuration program.</p> <p><sup>2</sup> When you enable ECP as the printer operating mode from the ThinkPad Configuration program, you must select one value from the four selections (including "disabled").</p> <p><sup>3</sup> The enhanced video features and the PCI adapter card in the SelectaDock docking system share the same IRQ11.</p> <p><sup>4</sup> The memory address higher than the system memory will be automatically set by the system.</p> <p><sup>5</sup> Sound Blaster and MIDI share the same IRQ.</p> <p><sup>6</sup> IRQ 15 and I/O 0170–0177 and 0376 are applicable to the UltraBay II devices only.</p>				

# Appendix B. System Management API (SMAPI) BIOS Overview

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---

## Overview

The ThinkPad Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) provides a special software interface, called the System Management Application Program Interface (SMAPI) BIOS, to control the following unique features of the ThinkPad system:

### System Information

This BIOS provides unique ThinkPad information, such as the system identifier (system ID).

### System Configuration

The ThinkPad SMAPI BIOS provides system configuration control for such features as display device selection or resource configuration for built-in devices.

### Power Management

Through the SMAPI BIOS, the operating system or application software can control the ThinkPad power management features (the power mode or suspend/hibernation/resume options).

“Header Image” on page B-4 describes how to use the SMAPI BIOS.



---

## Header Image

Systems that support SMAPI BIOS must provide the following header image in the F000 segment system ROM area at the 16-byte boundary. The client needs to search and find this SMAPI BIOS header image to get the entry point for the service.

Field	Offset (in Hex)	Length	Value
Signature	00	4 bytes	'\$SMB' (ASCII)
Version (Major)	04	Byte	01h
Version (Minor)	05	Byte	00h
Length	06	Byte	20h
Checksum	07	Byte	–
Information Word	08	Word	–
Reserved 1	0A	Word	–
Real mode 16-bit offset to entry point	0C	Word	–
Real mode 16-bit code segment address	0E	Word	–
Reserved 2	10	Word	–
16-bit protected mode offset to entry point	12	Word	–
16-bit protected mode code segment base address	14	Double words	–
32-bit protected mode offset to entry point	18	Double words	–
32-bit protected mode code segment base address	1C	Double words	–

**Signature** ASCII Code '\$SMB' is stored at the top of the header image.

**Version (Major or Minor)** Indicates the SMAPI BIOS version.

**Length** The length of the header image.

**Checksum** Checksum byte area. The client verifies that this header image is valid by using this checksum; the client should check all header image bytes, and the result will be zero bytes.

**Information Word**

This area identifies the following BIOS service level:

Information Word

- Bit 0 : Real/V86 mode interface support
- Bit 1 : 16-bit protected mode support
- Bit 2 : 32-bit protected mode support
- Bit 3-15 : Reserved

**Real Mode Entry Point**

The entry point is specified in segment, offset format. Clients using Real/V86 mode can use this area for the far-call value.

**16-Bit or 32-Bit Protected Mode Entry Point**

The code base code address specifies the physical address for this BIOS, and the client must prepare the selector for this BIOS. The length should be 64 KB.

---

## Calling Convention

The client can invoke the SMAPI BIOS with a far-call to the entry point that is specified in the header file. All parameters for the BIOS and other results are stored in the client data area; the client needs to prepare an input parameter and output parameter area in its data area, and informs this area by pushing those pointers onto its stack before the far-calls.

The SMAPI BIOS uses the stack/data area directly with the selector when the BIOS is invoked. Therefore, the caller needs to define the same privilege level as the BIOS.

## Parameter Structure

The memory allocation for the input/output field should be prepared by the caller. The input field specifies the function request to the SMAPI BIOS, and the BIOS fills in the return value to the output field.

### *Input Field*

Field	Offset (in Hex)	Length
Major Function Number	00	Byte
Minor Function Number	01	Byte
Parameter 1	02	Word
Parameter 2	04	Word
Parameter 3	06	Word
Parameter 4	08	Double word
Parameter 5	0C	Double word

### ***Output Field***

<b>Field</b>	<b>Offset (in Hex)</b>	<b>Length</b>
Return Code	00	Byte
Auxiliary Return Code	01	Byte
Parameter 1	02	Word
Parameter 2	04	Word
Parameter 3	06	Word
Parameter 4	08	Double word
Parameter 5	0C	Double word

## Sample in Assembler Language

```
;  
; Input Parameter Structure  
;  
SMB_INPARM          STRUC  
@SMBIN_FUNC        DB      ?  
@SMBIN_SUB_FUNC    DB      ?  
@SMBIN_PARM_1      DW      ?  
@SMBIN_PARM_2      DW      ?  
@SMBIN_PARM_3      DW      ?  
@SMBIN_PARM_4      DD      ?  
@SMBIN_PARM_5      DD      ?  
SMB_INPARM          ENDS
```

```
;  
; Output Parameter Structure  
;  
SMB_OUTPARM        STRUC  
@SMBOUT_RC         DB      ?  
@SMBOUT_SUB_RC     DB      ?  
@SMBOUT_PARM_1     DW      ?  
@SMBOUT_PARM_2     DW      ?  
@SMBOUT_PARM_3     DW      ?  
@SMBOUT_PARM_4     DD      ?  
@SMBOUT_PARM_5     DD      ?  
SMB_OUTPARM        ENDS
```

## Sample in C Language

```
//  
// Input Parameter Structure  
//  
typedef struct {  
    BYTE    SMBIN_FUNC    ;  
    BYTE    SMBIN_SUB_FUNC ;  
    WORD    SMBIN_PARM_1  ;  
    WORD    SMBIN_PARM_2  ;  
    WORD    SMBIN_PARM_3  ;  
    DWORD   SMBIN_PARM_4  ;  
    DWORD   SMBIN_PARM_5  ;  
} INPARAM, *PINPARAM ;  
  
//  
// Output Parameter Structure  
//  
typedef struct {  
    BYTE    SMBOUT_RC      ;  
    BYTE    SMBOUT_SUB_RC  ;  
    WORD    SMBOUT_PARM_1  ;  
    WORD    SMBOUT_PARM_2  ;  
    WORD    SMBOUT_PARM_3  ;  
    DWORD   SMBOUT_PARM_4  ;  
    DWORD   SMBOUT_PARM_5  ;  
} OUTPARAM, *POUTPARAM ;  
  
typedef INPARAM    far * FPINPARAM ;  
typedef OUTPARAM   far * FPOUTPARAM ;
```

## Calling Convention Pseudo Code

The following describes the calling convention using pseudo code.

### *Assembler Language*

```
InputParm      SMB_INPARAM    < >  
OutputParm     SMB_OUTPARAM   < >
```

16-bit

```
push    ds  
mov     ax, offset OutputParm  
push   ax  
push   ds  
mov     ax, offset InputParm  
push   ax  
call   dword ptr SmapiBios  
add    sp, 8
```

32-bit

```
push    ds  
mov     eax, offset OutputParm  
push   eax  
push   ds  
mov     eax, offset InputParm  
push   eax  
call   fword ptr SmapiBios  
add    sp, 16
```

### *C Language*

```
typedef WORD (far * SMB)(FPINPARAM, FPOUTPARAM) ;
```

```
SMB      SmapiBios ;  
INPARAM  InputParm ;  
OUTPARAM OutputParm ;  
WORD     RC ;
```

```
RC = SmapiBios(&InputParm, &OutputParm) ;
```

---

## Return Codes

The following hexadecimal return codes are stored in both the AL (AX) register and the return code field of the output parameter:

00	No error
53	SMAPI function is not available
81	Invalid parameter
86	Function is not supported
90	System error
91	System is invalid
92	System is busy
A0	Device error (disk read error)
A1	Device is busy
A2	Device is not attached
A3	Device is disabled
A4	Request parameter is out of range
A5	Request parameter is not accepted

All other values are reserved.



---

## Function Description

### System Information Service

#### Get System Identification

##### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 00  
Minor Function Number - 00  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

##### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Return value format  
= 00 - ASCII format  
= 01 - Binary format  
Parameter 1 - System ID  
Parameter 2 - Country Code  
Parameter 3 - System BIOS revision  
Parameter 4 - (Bits 31-16) Reserved  
- (Bits 15-0) System Management BIOS revision  
Parameter 5 - (Bits 31-16) Reserved  
- (Bits 15-0) SMI BIOS Interface revision

## Get CPU Information

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 00  
Minor Function Number - 01  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - CPU ID  
(Bits 15-8) Microprocessor type  
(Bits 7-0) Microprocessor stepping level  
= FFFFh : Unknown  
Parameter 3 - Clock Information  
(Bits 15-8) CPU clock (units: MHz)  
= FEh : CPU clock is over 254 MHz  
= FFh : Unknown  
(parameter 4 is valid)  
(Bits 7-0) Internal clock (units: MHz)  
= FEh : Internal clock is over 254 MHz  
= FFh : Unknown  
(parameter 5 is valid)  
Parameter 4 - (Bits 31-16) Reserved  
(Bits 15-0) CPU clock (units : MHz)  
Parameter 5 - (Bits 31-16) Reserved  
(Bits 15-0) Internal clock (units: MHz)

## Get Display Device Information

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 00  
Minor Function Number - 02  
Parameter 1 - (Bit 8) LCD information  
(Bit 9) External CRT information  
(Bits 15-10) Reserved  
(Bits 7-0) Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - (Bits 15-8)  
Built-in display device (panel)  
information 1  
= 00 : Monochrome STN LCD  
= 01 : Monochrome TFT LCD  
= 02 : Color STN LCD  
= 03 : Color TFT LCD  
= FF : Unknown  
(Bits 7-0)  
Built-in display device (panel)  
information 2  
= 00 : 640x480  
= 01 : 800x600  
= 02 : 1024x768  
= FF : Unknown  
Parameter 2 - (Bits 15-8) External CRT monitor  
information  
= 00 : External CRT is not attached  
= 10 : Color monitor  
= 20 : Monochrome monitor  
= FF : Unknown  
(Bits 7-0) Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Get Docking Station Information

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 00  
Minor Function Number - 03  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Docking station status  
    Bit 0 - Docking status  
        = 0 : Undock  
        = 1 : Dock  
    Bits 5-1 - Reserved  
    Bit 6 - Security key status  
        = 0 : Lock position  
        = 1 : Unlock position  
    Bit 7 - Bus status  
        = 0 : BUS isolated  
        = 1 : BUS connected  
Parameter 1 - Docking station ID  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Get UltraBay II Information

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 00  
Minor Function Number - 04  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - (Bits 15-8) UltraBay device information  
= 00 : FDD  
= 01 : Serial device  
= 02 : TV tuner  
= 10 : IDE device  
= 20 : PCMCIA adapter  
= 30 : Battery  
= 40 : AC adapter  
= FE : No UltraBay  
= FF : Unknown  
(Bit 7-0) UltraBay device ID  
= 00 : FDD  
= 01 : Cellular  
= 02 : TV tuner  
= 10 : CD-ROM  
= 11 : IDE-HDD  
= 12 : DVD  
= 13 : ZIP  
= FF : ID is not available  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Get Slave Micro Control Unit Information

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 00  
Minor Function Number - 06  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Return value format  
= 00 - ASCII format  
= 01 - Binary format  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Slave controller Revision  
(= 0FFFF) - Not valid  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Get System Sensor Status

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 00  
Minor Function Number - 07  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Current Status  
    Bit 8 - LID Status  
        = 0 : Open  
        = 1 : Close  
    Bit 9 - Keyboard status  
        = 0 : Close  
        = 1 : Open  
    Bit 10- AC Adapter  
        = 0 : Not attached  
        = 1 : Attached  
    Bits 15-11 : Reserved  
    Bits 7-0 : Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## **Get Video Information**

### ***Input Field***

Major Function Number - 00  
Minor Function Number - 08  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### ***Output Field***

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Video BIOS revision  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved



## Get Refresh Rate Capability

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 00

Minor Function Number - 09

Parameter 1 - mode

= 00xxh - VGA modes

(Bits 0-7 are ignored)

= 0100 - 640x400x256

= 0101 - 640x480x256

= 0102 - 800x600x16

= 0103 - 800x600x256

= 0104 - 1024x768x16

= 0105 - 1024x768x256

= 0106 - 1280x1024x16

= 0107 - 1280x1024x256

= 0109 - 1056x350x16

= 010A - 1056x473x16

= 010C - 1056x480x16

= 0110 - 640x480x32K

= 0111 - 640x480x64K

= 0112 - 640x480x16M

= 0113 - 800x600x32K

= 0114 - 800x600x64K

= 0115 - 800x600x16M

= 0116 - 1024x768x32K

= 0117 - 1024x768x64K

= 0118 - 1024x768x16M

= 0119 - 1280x1024x32K

= 011A - 1280x1024x64K

= 011B - 1280x1024x16M

= 0A00 - 1600x1200x16

= 0A01 - 1600x1200x256

= 0A02 - 1600x1200x32K

= 0A03 - 1600x1200x64K

= 0A04 - 1600x1200x16M

= Others : Reserved

Parameter 2 - Reserved

Parameter 3 - Reserved

Parameter 4 - Reserved

Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Refresh rate capability for  
specified mode:  
Bit 0 - 60Hz available  
Bit 1 - 72Hz available  
Bit 2 - 75Hz available  
Bit 3 - 43Hz(I) available  
Bit 4 - 56Hz available  
Bit 5 - 70Hz available  
Bit 6 - 85Hz available  
Bit 7 - 48Hz(I) available  
Bits 8-15 : Reserved (must be B'0')  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## System Configuration Service

### Get Display Device State

#### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 10

Minor Function Number - 00

Parameter 1 - Request type  
= 0000h : Current hardware  
= 0001h : CMOS  
(effective after reboot)

Parameter 2 - Reserved

Parameter 3 - Reserved

Parameter 4 - Reserved

Parameter 5 - Reserved

### **Output Field**

- Return Code - Error status
- Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved
- Parameter 1
  - Bits 15-8 : Reserved
  - Bits 7-0 : Capability of display device function
  - Bit 0 - Display function type
    - = 0 : Not support
    - = 1 : Support
  - Bits 7-1 : Reserved
- Parameter 2
  - Bits 15-8 Display current status
  - Bit 0 - Built-in display (panel) status
    - = 0 : Disable
    - = 1 : Enable
  - Bit 1 - External CRT status
    - = 0 : Disable
    - = 1 : Enable
  - Bit 2 - TV status
    - = 0 : Disable
    - = 1 : Enable
  - Bits 6-3 : Reserved
  - Bit 7 - Dual enable flag
    - = 0 : Disable
    - = 1 : Enable
  - Bits 7-0 : Display function type
    - = 00h : No TV-out model
    - = 01h : Not support model for simultaneous display of TV and CRT
- Parameter 3 - Reserved
- Parameter 4
  - When parameter 2 (bits 7-0) is 01h:
    - Bits 31-16 : Reserved
    - Bits 15-0 : Display selection mode
    - Bit 0 - Display selection mode
      - = 0 : LCD - CRT selection mode
      - = 1 : LCD - TV selection mode
    - Bits 7-1 : Reserved
- Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Set Display Device State

### Input Field

- Major Function Number - 10  
Minor Function Number - 01
- Parameter 1 - Request display status
- Bit 0 - Built-in display (panel) status
    - = 0 : Disable
    - = 1 : Enable
  - Bit 1 - External CRT status
    - = 0 : Disable
    - = 1 : Enable
  - Bit 2 - TV status
    - = 0 : Disable
    - = 1 : Enable
  - Bits 5-3 : Reserved
  - Bit 6 - Monitor detection ignore
    - = 0 : Do not ignore
    - = 1 : Ignore
  - Bit 7 - Dual enable flag
    - = 0 : Disable
    - = 1 : Enable
- Parameter 2 - Reserved
- Parameter 3 - Reserved
- Parameter 4 - When parameter 2 (bits 7-0) is 01h in return of "Get Display Device State":
- Bits 31-16 : Reserved
  - Bits 15-0 : Display selection mode
  - Bit 0 - Display selection mode
    - = 0 : LCD - CRT selection mode
    - = 1 : LCD - TV selection mode
  - Bits 7-1 : Reserved
- Parameter 5 - Reserved

### Output Field

- Return Code - Error status
- Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved
- Parameter 1 - Reserved
- Parameter 2 - Reserved
- Parameter 3 - Reserved
- Parameter 4 - Reserved
- Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Get Pointing Device State

### Input Field

Major Function Number - 11  
Minor Function Number - 02  
Parameter 1 - Bits 15-8 Request type  
                  = 00h - Current hardware  
                  = 01h - CMOS (effective after reboot)  
                  Bits 7-0 Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### Output Field

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Bits 15-8 Pointing device current status  
                  Bits 10, 8 - Built-in pointing device control  
                  = 00 : Disable  
                  = 01 : Enable  
                  = 10 : Auto  
                  = 11 : Reserved  
                  Bit 9 - External pointing device status  
                  = 0 : Disable  
                  = 1 : Enable  
                  Bits 15-11: Reserved  
                  Bits 7-0 Pointing device capability  
                  Bit 0 - Built-in pointing device status  
                  = 0 : Status is not controllable  
                  = 1 : Status is controllable  
                  Bit 1 - External pointing device status  
                  = 0 : Status is not controllable  
                  = 1 : Status is controllable  
                  Bit 2 - Built-in pointing device auto control  
                  = 0 : Not support  
                  = 1 : Support  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Set Pointing Device State

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 11  
Minor Function Number - 03  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Bits 15-8  
    Pointing device current status  
    Bits 10, 8 - Built-in pointing device  
    auto control  
        = 00 : Disable  
        = 01 : Enable  
        = 10 : Auto  
        = 11 : Reserved  
    Bit 9 - External pointing device status  
        = 0 : Disable  
        = 1 : Enable  
    Bits 15-11: Reserved  
    Bits 7-0 Request type  
        = 00h - Current hardware  
        = 01h - CMOS (effective after reboot)  
    Bits 7-2: Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
    Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Get Hotkey Sticky/Lock

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 13  
Minor Function Number - 02  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Bits 15-8 Capability  
    Bit 8 - Sticky Fn key support  
    Bit 9 - Sticky & Lock Fn key support  
    Bits 15-10 - Reserved  
    Bits 7-0 Current status  
        = 00 : Disable  
        = 01 : Sticky Fn key  
        = 03 : Sticky & Lock Fn key  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved



## **Set Hotkey Sticky/Lock**

### ***Input Field***

Major Function Number - 13

Minor Function Number - 03

Parameter 1 - Bits 15-8 Reserved  
Bits 7-0 Request Status  
= 00 : Disable  
= 01 : Sticky Fn key  
= 03 : Sticky & Lock Fn key

Parameter 2 - Reserved

Parameter 3 - Reserved

Parameter 4 - Reserved

Parameter 5 - Reserved

### ***Output Field***

Return Code - Error status

Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved

Parameter 1 - Reserved

Parameter 2 - Reserved

Parameter 3 - Reserved

Parameter 4 - Reserved

Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Power Management Service

### Get Power Management Mode

#### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 22  
Minor Function Number - 00  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

#### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Bits 15-8 Power management mode  
Battery operation  
= 00h - High performance mode  
= 01h - Auto power management mode  
= 02h - Manual power management mode  
Bits 7- 0 Power management mode  
ac operation  
= 00h - High performance mode  
= 01h - Auto power management mode  
= 02h - Manual power management mode  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Set Power Management Mode

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 22

Minor Function Number - 01

Parameter 1 - Bits 15-8 Power management mode  
Battery operation  
= 00h - High performance mode  
= 01h - Auto power management mode  
= 02h - Manual power management mode  
Bits 7-0 Power management mode  
ac operation  
= 00h - High performance mode  
= 01h - Auto power management mode  
= 02h - Manual power management mode

Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status

Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved

Parameter 1 - Reserved

Parameter 2 - Reserved

Reserved

Parameter 3 - Reserved

Parameter 4 - Reserved

Parameter 5 - Reserved

## **Get Timer Control**

### ***Input Field***

Major Function Number - 22

Minor Function Number - 02

Parameter 1 - Reserved

Parameter 2 - Reserved

Parameter 3 - Reserved

Parameter 4 - Reserved

Parameter 5 - Reserved

### **Output Field**

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Bits 15-8 Capability of timer control  
Bit 8 - System (Hibernation/suspend) timer  
= 0 : Not support  
= 1 : Support  
Bit 9 - Standby timer  
= 0 : Not support  
= 1 : Support  
Bit 10 - LCD off timer  
= 0 : Not support  
= 1 : Support  
Bit 11 - HDD off timer  
= 0 : Not support  
= 1 : Support  
Bits 15-12 - Reserved  
Bits 7-0 Timer control  
Bit 0 - System (Hibernation/suspend) timer  
= 0 : Disable  
= 1 : Enable  
Bit 1 - Standby timer  
= 0 : Disable  
= 1 : Enable  
Bit 2 - LCD off timer  
= 0 : Disable  
= 1 : Enable  
Bit 3 - HDD off timer  
= 0 : Disable  
= 1 : Enable  
Bits 7-4 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Set Timer Control

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 22  
Minor Function Number - 03  
Parameter 1 - Bits 15-8 Reserved  
Bits 7-0 Timer control  
Bit 0 - System  
(Hibernation/suspend) timer  
= 0 : Disable  
= 1 : Enable  
Bit 1 - Standby timer  
= 0 : Disable  
= 1 : Enable  
Bit 2 - LCD off timer  
= 0 : Disable  
= 1 : Enable  
Bit 3 - HDD off timer  
= 0 : Disable  
= 1 : Enable  
Bits 7-4 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Event Bit Definition

Bits 2-0 - Reserved

Bit 3 - Standby

Bit 4 - Suspend

Bit 5 - RediSafe

Bit 6 - Hibernation

Bit 7 - Power off

**Note:** If bits are duplicated, the highest bit is available.

## Get System Event Global Condition

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 30  
Minor Function Number - 00  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Bits 15-8 Capability for event  
    Bit 8 - RediSafe is controlled by global conditions.  
    (The RediSafe bit is ignored in each event condition.)  
    = 0 - Not support  
    = 1 - Support  
    Bits 7-0 Global event condition  
    Bit 0 - Enable RediSafe if suspend is selected.  
    = 0 - Disable  
    = 1 - Enable  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved



## Set System Event Global Condition

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 30  
Minor Function Number - 01  
Parameter 1 - Bits 15-8 Reserved  
Bits 7-0 Global condition for event  
Bit 0 - Enable safe suspend if suspend  
is selected.  
= 0 - Disable  
= 1 - Enable  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Get System Event 1 Condition

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 31  
Minor Function Number - 00  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Hardware and software event definition  
Bits 15-8 - Capability (see page B-34)  
Bits 7-0 - Condition (see page B-34)  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Bits 31-16 : Reserved  
Bits 15-0 Power switch detection event definition  
Bits 15-8 - Capability (see page B-34)  
Bits 7-0 - Condition (See page B-34)  
Parameter 5 - Bits 31-16 : Reserved  
Bits 15-0 LID close detection event definition  
Bits 15-8 - Capability (see page B-34)  
Bits 7-0 - Condition (see page B-34)

## Set System Event 1 Condition

### *Input Field*

- Major Function Number - 31
- Minor Function Number - 01
- Parameter 1
  - Condition for hardware and software event
  - Bits 15-8 - Capability  
(see page B-34)
  - Bits 7-0 - Condition  
(see page B-34)
- Parameter 2
  - Reserved
- Parameter 3
  - Reserved
- Parameter 4
  - Bits 31-16 : Reserved
  - Bits 15-0 Condition for power  
switch detection
  - Bits 15-8 - Capability  
(see page B-34)
  - Bits 7-0 - Condition  
(see page B-34)
- Parameter 5
  - Bits 31-16 : Reserved
  - Bits 15-0 Condition for  
LID close detection
  - Bits 15-8 - Capability  
(see page B-34)
  - Bits 7-0 - Condition  
(see page B-34)

### *Output Field*

- Return Code
  - Error status
- Auxiliary Return Code
  - Reserved
- Parameter 1
  - Reserved
- Parameter 2
  - Reserved
- Parameter 3
  - Reserved
- Parameter 4
  - Reserved
- Parameter 5
  - Reserved

## Get System Event 2 Condition

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 32  
Minor Function Number - 00  
Parameter 1 - System timer expiration  
event definition  
Bits 15-8 - Capability  
(see page B-34)  
Bits 7-0 - Condition  
(see page B-34)  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Bits 31-16 : Reserved  
Bits 15-0 Standby timer expiration  
event definition  
Bits 15-8 - Capability  
(see page B-34)  
Bits 7-0 - Condition  
(see page B-34)  
Parameter 5 - Bits 31-16 : Reserved  
Bits 15-0  
Hibernation timer during suspend  
mode expiration event definition.  
Bits 15-8 - Capability  
(see page B-34)  
Bits 7-0 - Condition  
(see page B-34)

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Set System Event 2 Condition

### *Input Field*

- Major Function Number - 32
- Minor Function Number - 01
- Parameter 1
  - Condition for system timer expiration
  - Bits 15-8 - Capability  
(see page B-34)
  - Bits 7-0 - Condition  
(see page B-34)
- Parameter 2
  - Reserved
- Parameter 3
  - Reserved
- Parameter 4
  - Bits 31-16 : Reserved
  - Bits 15-0 Condition for standby  
timer expired
  - Bits 15-8 - Capability  
(see page B-34)
  - Bits 7-0 - Condition  
(see page B-34)
- Parameter 5
  - Bits 31-16 : Reserved
  - Bits 15-0 Condition for hibernation  
timer during suspend mode expired
  - Bits 15-8 - Capability  
(see page B-34)
  - Bits 7-0 - Condition  
(see page B-34)

### *Output Field*

- Return Code
  - Error status
- Auxiliary Return Code
  - Reserved
- Parameter 1
  - Reserved
- Parameter 2
  - Reserved
- Parameter 3
  - Reserved
- Parameter 4
  - Reserved
- Parameter 5
  - Reserved

## Get System Timer

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 32  
Minor Function Number - 02  
Parameter 1 - Bits 15-8 Power mode select  
= 00h - Reserved  
= 01h - Manual PM mode (ac)  
= 02h - Manual PM mode (battery)  
= F3h - High performance mode  
= F4h - Auto power management mode  
Bits 7-0 Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Bits 15-8 System timer capability  
Bit 8 = 0 - Timer cannot be specified  
in each power mode  
= 1 - Timer can be specified  
in each Power mode  
Bits 15-9 : Reserved  
Bits 7-0 : Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Bits 15-8 : Reserved  
Bits 7-0 System timer initial value  
(units: minutes)  
= 00h - Disable system timer  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Set System Timer

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 32  
Minor Function Number - 03  
Parameter 1 - Bits 15-8 Power mode select  
= 00h - All mode  
= 01h - Manual PM mode (AC)  
= 02h - Manual PM mode (battery)  
= F3h - High performance mode  
= F4h - Auto power management mode  
Bits 7-0 System timer initial  
value (units: minutes)  
= 00h - Disable system timer  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Get Hibernation Timer

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 32  
Minor Function Number - 06  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Bits 15-8 : Reserved  
                  Bits 7-0 Hibernation timer during  
                          suspend mode initial value  
                          (units: minutes)  
                  = 00h - Disable hibernation timer  
                          during suspend mode  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved



## Set Hibernation Timer

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 32  
Minor Function Number - 07  
Parameter 1 - Bits 15-8 : Reserved  
                  Bits 7-0 Hibernation timer during  
                              suspend mode initial value  
                              (units: minutes)  
                  = 00h - Disable hibernation timer  
                              during suspend mode  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
                  Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Get System Event 3 Condition

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 33  
Minor Function Number - 00  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Critical low battery condition  
detection event definition  
Bits 15-8 - Capability  
(see page B-34)  
Bits 7-0 - Condition  
(see page B-34)  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Bits 16-31 : Reserved  
Bits 0-15 Out-of-environment condition  
detection event definition  
Bits 15-8 - Capability  
(see page B-34)  
Bits 7-0 - Condition  
(see page B-34)  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Set System Event 3 Condition

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 33  
Minor Function Number - 01  
Parameter 1 - Bits 15-8 : Reserved  
Bits 7-0 Condition for critical  
low battery condition detection  
Bits 7-0 - Condition  
(see page B-34)  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Bits 31-8 : Reserved  
Bits 7-0 Condition for out-of-environment  
condition detection  
Bits 7-0 - Condition  
(see page B-34)  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Get System Resume Condition

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 34  
Minor Function Number - 00  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Condition for resuming trigger from system suspend mode  
Bit 0 - Resume switch by hardware  
Bit 1 - LID open detection  
Bit 2 - RTC alarm (resume timer) detection  
Bit 3 - RI from the serial device detection  
Bits 15-4 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Capability for resuming trigger from the system suspend mode  
Bit 0 - Resume switch by hardware  
Bit 1 - LID open detection  
Bit 2 - RTC alarm (resume timer) detection  
Bit 3 - RI from the serial device detection  
Bits 15-4 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Set System Resume Condition

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 34  
Minor Function Number - 01  
Parameter 1 - Condition for resuming trigger  
from the system suspend mode  
Bit 0 - Resume switch by hardware  
Bit 1 - LID open detection  
Bit 2 - RTC alarm (resume timer)  
detection  
Bit 3 - RI from the serial device  
detection  
Bits 15-4 : Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Get System Resume Timer

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 34  
Minor Function Number - 02  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - TOD of resume timer (BCD format)  
Bits 7-0 - Seconds (0-59)  
Bits 15-8 - Minutes (0-59)  
Bits 23-16 - Hours (0-23)  
Bits 31-24 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Date of resume timer (BCD format)  
Bits 7-0 - Day (1-31)  
Bits 15-8 - Month (1-12)  
Bits 23-16 - Year (0-99)  
Bits 30-24 - Reserved  
Bit 31 - Resume date validation  
= 0 - Valid (specified day)  
= 1 - Invalid (every day)

## Set System Resume Timer

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 34  
Minor Function Number - 03  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - TOD of resume timer (BCD format)  
    Bits 7-0 - Seconds (0-59)  
    Bits 15-8 - Minutes (0-59)  
    Bits 23-16 - Hours (0-23)  
    Bits 31-24 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Date of resume timer (BCD format)  
    Bits 7-0 - Day (1-31)  
    Bits 15-8 - Month (1-12)  
    Bits 23-16 - Year (0-99)  
    Bits 30-24 - Reserved  
    Bit 31 - Resume date validation  
        = 0 - Valid (specified day)  
        = 1 - Invalid (every day)

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## **Request System Standby**

### ***Input Field***

Major Function Number - 70  
Minor Function Number - 00  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### ***Output Field***

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## **Request System Suspend**

### ***Input Field***

Major Function Number - 70  
Minor Function Number - 01  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### ***Output Field***

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved



## Request System Hibernation

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 70  
Minor Function Number - 02  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Request System Off

### *Input Field*

Major Function Number - 70  
Minor Function Number - 03  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

### *Output Field*

Return Code - Error status  
Auxiliary Return Code - Reserved  
Parameter 1 - Reserved  
Parameter 2 - Reserved  
Parameter 3 - Reserved  
Parameter 4 - Reserved  
Parameter 5 - Reserved

## Samples

### Data Structure

#### Assembler Language

```
;
; Smapi BIOS Header
;
SMB_HEADER          STRUC
@SMBHDR_SIG         DB  4 dup (?) ; +00 - Signature
@SMBHDR_VER         DB  ?          ; +04 - Major version
@SMBHDR_VER_VER     DB  ?          ; +05 - Minor version
@SMBHDR_LEN         DB  ?          ; +06 - Length
@SMBHDR_CHKSUM      DB  ?          ; +07 - Checksum
@SMBHDR_INFO        DW  ?          ; +08 - Information word
@SMBHDR_RSV1        DW  ?          ; +0A - Reserve 1
@SMBHDR_R_OFFSET    DW  ?          ; +0C - Real mode offset
@SMBHDR_R_SEGMENT   DW  ?          ; +0E - Real mode segment
@SMBHDR_RSV2        DW  ?          ; +10 - Reserve 2
@SMBHDR_P16_OFFSET  DW  ?          ; +12 - 16-bit protected mode offset
@SMBHDR_P16_BASE    DD  ?          ; +14 - 16-bit protected mode base address
@SMBHDR_P32_OFFSET  DD  ?          ; +18 - 32-bit protected mode offset
@SMBHDR_P32_BASE    DD  ?          ; +1C - 32-bit protected mode base address
SMB_HEADER          ENDS
```

## Parameters

```
;  
;Input Parameter  
;  
SMB_INPARAM          STRUC  
@SMBIN_FUNC          DB      ?  
@SMBIN_SUB_FUNC      DB      ?  
@SMBIN_PARM_1        DW      ?  
@SMBIN_PARM_2        DW      ?  
@SMBIN_PARM_3        DW      ?  
@SMBIN_PARM_4        DD      ?  
@SMBIN_PARM_5        DD      ?  
SMB_INPARAM          ENDS
```

```
;  
;Output Parameter  
;  
SMB_OUTPARAM         STRUC  
@SMBOUT_RC           DB      ?  
@SMBOUT_SUB_RC       DB      ?  
@SMBOUT_PARM_1       DW      ?  
@SMBOUT_PARM_2       DW      ?  
@SMBOUT_PARM_3       DW      ?  
@SMBOUT_PARM_4       DD      ?  
@SMBOUT_PARM_5       DD      ?  
SMB_OUTPARAM         ENDS
```

## ***C Language***

```
//  
// SMAPI BIOS Header  
//  
typedef struct {  
    BYTE    SMBHDR_SIG[4]    ; // Signature  
    BYTE    SMBHDR_VER      ; // Major version  
    BYTE    SMBHDR_VER_VER  ; // Minor version  
    BYTE    SMBHDR_LEN      ; // Length  
    BYTE    SMBHDR_CHKSUM   ; // Checksum  
    WORD    SMBHDR_INFO     ; // Information word  
    WORD    SMBHDR_RSV1     ; // Reserve 1  
    WORD    SMBHDR_R_OFFSET ; // Real mode offset  
    WORD    SMBHDR_R_SEGMENT ; // Real mode segment  
    WORD    SMBHDR_RSV2     ; // Reserve 2  
    WORD    SMBHDR_P16_OFFSET ; // 16-bit Protect mode offset  
    DWORD   SMBHDR_P16_BASE ; // 16-bit Protect mode base address  
    DWORD   SMBHDR_P32_OFFSET ; // 32-bit Protect mode offset  
    DWORD   SMBHDR_P32_BASE ; // 32-bit Protect mode base address  
} SMB_HEADER, *PSMB_HEADER ;
```

## Parameters

```
//  
// Input Parameter  
//  
typedef struct {  
    BYTE    SMBIN_FUNC        ;  
    BYTE    SMBIN_SUB_FUNC    ;  
    WORD    SMBIN_PARM_1      ;  
    WORD    SMBIN_PARM_2      ;  
    WORD    SMBIN_PARM_3      ;  
    DWORD   SMBIN_PARM_4      ;  
    DWORD   SMBIN_PARM_5      ;  
} INPARAM, *PINPARAM ;  
  
//  
// Output Parameter  
//  
typedef struct {  
    BYTE    SMBOUT_RC          ;  
    BYTE    SMBOUT_SUB_RC      ;  
    WORD    SMBOUT_PARM_1      ;  
    WORD    SMBOUT_PARM_2      ;  
    WORD    SMBOUT_PARM_3      ;  
    DWORD   SMBOUT_PARM_4      ;  
    DWORD   SMBOUT_PARM_5      ;  
} OUTPARAM, *POUTPARAM ;  
  
typedef INPARAM far * FPINPARAM;  
typedef OUTPARAM far * FPOUTPARAM;
```

## Function Declaration

### *C Language*

```
//  
// Smapi BIOS function  
//  
typedef WORD (far * SMB)(FPINPARAM, FPOUTPARAM) ;
```

## Installation Check

### Assembler Language: Real Mode

```
;
; FindSmapi
; -----
;
; On Entry : None
; On Exit  : CF = 0 .. Find out
;           DX - Segment
;           BX - Pointer to header
;
;           CF = 1 .. No Smapi BIOS
;
FindSmapi      Proc    Near

    push    eax
    push    cx
    push    si
    push    ds

    mov     ax, BIOS_SEG      ; F000 Segment
    mov     ds, ax
    mov     bx, 0             ; Start point
    mov     cx, SMB_CAND_CNT ; Total check count
    mov     eax, 'BMS$'      ; Target strings

@@:
    cmp     eax, dword ptr ds:[bx].@SMBHDR_SIG
    je      short @f
    add     bx, 10h           ; Next paragraph
    loop   @b
    stc
    jmp     short FindSmapiFin
```

```

@@: ; Find Smapi Head
    mov dx, BIOS_SEG

    ; Calculate Checksum.. next.
    pushf ; Save direction flag
    cld ; Clear it
    mov si, bx
    xor ax, ax
    movzx cx, byte ptr ds:[bx].@SMBHDR_LEN
@@:
    lodsb
    add ah, al
    loop @b

    popf ; Restore Direction flags
    cmp ah, 1 ; Checksum is OK?
    cmc

FindSmapiFin:
    pop ds
    pop si
    pop cx
    pop eax
    ret

FindSmapi Endp

```



## ***C Language***

```
typedef struct {
    BYTE    SMBHDR_SIG[4]        ; // Signature
    BYTE    SMBHDR_VER           ; // Major version
    BYTE    SMBHDR_VER_VER      ; // Minor version
    BYTE    SMBHDR_LEN          ; // Length
    BYTE    SMBHDR_CHKSUM       ; // Checksum
    WORD    SMBHDR_INFO         ; // Information word
    WORD    SMBHDR_RSV1         ; // Reserve 1
    WORD    SMBHDR_R_OFFSET     ; // Real mode offset
    WORD    SMBHDR_R_SEGMENT    ; // Real mode segment
} SMB_HEADER_REAL, far * PFSMB_HEADER_REAL ;
```

```

BOOLEAN GetSmapiEntry(PSMB pFunc)
{
    PFSMB_HEADER_REAL    MyPtr = 0xF0000000 ;
    WORD                 cnt = 0 ;
    BYTE                 cksum = 0 ;

    //
    // 1) Search for signature first
    //
    while((cnt++ < 0x1000) &&
        !(((MyPtr->SMBHDR_SIG)[0] == '$') &&
          ((MyPtr->SMBHDR_SIG)[1] == 'S') &&
          ((MyPtr->SMBHDR_SIG)[2] == 'M') &&
          ((MyPtr->SMBHDR_SIG)[3] == 'B') )) {
        MyPtr++ ;
    }

    //
    // 2) Find the Signature?
    //
    if (cnt >= 0x1000) {
        // We cannot find it.
        return FALSE ;
    } else {
        //
        // 3) Calculate Checksum
        //
        for (cnt = 0 ; cnt < MyPtr->SMBHDR_LEN ; cnt++)
            cksum += (BYTE)((MyPtr->SMBHDR_SIG)[cnt]) ;

        if (cksum) {
            // Bad Checksum
            return FALSE ;
        } else {
            // Build Return Address
            (*pFunc) = ( (DWORD)(MyPtr->SMBHDR_R_OFFSET) +
                (((DWORD)(MyPtr->SMBHDR_R_SEGMENT)) << 16) ) ;
            return TRUE ;
        }
    }
}

```

## BIOS Call

### *Assembler Language: 16-Bit Protected Mode*

```
    ;  
    ; Build Input Parameter Field  
    ;  
  
    mov     al, SMB_GET_SYSID  
    mov     [bx].@Func, al  
  
    push   ds  
    mov     ax, offset OutputParm  
    push   ax  
    push   ds  
  
    mov     ax, offset InputParm  
    push   ax  
    call   _SmapiBios  
    add    sp, 8  
  
    ;  
    ; Get information from Output Parm  
    ;  
    or     ax, ax  
    jnz    Error  
  
    mov     bx, offset OutputParm  
    mov     al, [bx].@Parm1
```

### 32-Bit Protected Mode

```
;
; Build Input Parameter Field
;
mov     ebx, offset InputParm
mov     al, SMB_GET_SYSID
mov     [ebx].@Func, al

push   ds
mov     eax, offset OutputParm
push   eax
push   ds
mov     eax, offset InputParm
push   eax
call   _SmapiBios
add    sp, 16

;
; Get information from Output Parm
;
or     ax, ax
jnz    Error

mov     ebx, offset OutputParm
mov     ax, [ebx].@Parm1
```

### ***C Language***

```
WORD GetSystemID()
{
    SMB          SmapiEntry ;
    INPARAM      MyInput ;
    OUTPARAM     MyOutput ;
    WORD         Rc = -1 ;

    if (GetSmapiEntry(&SmapiEntry)) {

        MyInput.SMBIN_FUNC      = 0 ;
        MyInput.SMBIN_SUB_FUNC  = 0 ;

        if (SmapiEntry(&MyInput, &MyOutput)) {
            // No System ID is available
        } else {
            Rc = MyOutput.SMBOUT_PARM_1 ;
        }

    } else {
        // No Smapi BIOS interface.
        // Try to use CBIOS INT 15.
    }
    return Rc ;
}
```

---

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